

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended: **September 30, 2020**
2. Commission Identification No.: **94419**
3. BIR Tax Identification No.: **000-409-747-000**
4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter: **INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC.**
5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: **PHILIPPINES**
6. Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
7. Address of issuer's principal office: **North Science Avenue, Laguna Technopark-Special Processing Zone (LT-SEZ), Bo. Biñan, Biñan, Laguna
Postal Code: 4024**
8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code: **(632) 756-6840**
9. Former name, former address and former fiscal year: **Not applicable**
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA:

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding
Common *	2,217,293,215

* Net of 15,892,224 treasury shares;

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange? Yes [] No []

2,217,293,215 common shares are listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange, including 15,892,224 treasury shares as of September 30, 2020.

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports): Yes [] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days: Yes [] No []

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(With Comparative Audited Figures as of December 31, 2019)

(In thousands)

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$265,190	\$152,660
Receivables - net (Note 5)	243,487	290,643
Contract assets (Note 6)	55,613	58,908
Inventories (Note 7)	152,439	152,629
Other current assets (Note 8)	32,663	19,107
Total Current Assets	749,392	673,947
Noncurrent Assets		
Property, plant and equipment - net (Note 9)	178,791	194,294
Goodwill (Note 18)	126,463	140,781
Intangible assets - net (Note 10)	22,229	28,577
Right-of-use assets (Note 19)	32,573	32,028
Deferred tax assets	5,433	3,611
Financial assets at FVOCI	1,167	1,200
Other noncurrent assets (Note 11)	19,063	21,898
Total Noncurrent Assets	385,719	422,389
	\$1,135,111	\$1,096,336
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 12)	\$252,240	\$267,072
Contract liabilities (Note 6)	1,981	4,742
Loans payable (Note 13)	218,213	126,052
Other financial liabilities (Notes 15 and 21)	15	22,370
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 14)	2,048	28,038
Current portion of lease liabilities (Note 19)	4,552	4,075
Income tax payable	3,241	1,441
Total Current Liabilities	482,290	453,790
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Noncurrent portion of:		
Long-term debt (Notes 14 and 21)	32,763	114,386
Lease liabilities (Note 19)	29,528	29,723
Net retirement liabilities	8,439	9,165
Deferred tax liabilities	4,697	1,870
Other noncurrent liabilities (Note 21)	4,965	3,623
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	80,392	158,767
Total Liabilities	562,682	612,557

(Forward)

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
EQUITY		
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company		
Capital stock - common	\$42,674	\$42,674
Subscribed capital stock	750	753
Additional paid-in capital (Note 16)	179,204	146,208
Subscriptions receivable	(2,927)	(2,955)
Retained earnings (Note 16)	210,389	225,753
Treasury stock	(1,013)	(1,013)
Other components of equity	(821)	(736)
Cumulative translation adjustment	(7,018)	(17,683)
Remeasurement losses on defined benefit plans	(10,451)	(10,451)
	410,787	382,550
Equity Attributable to Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Subsidiaries (Note 16)		
	161,642	101,229
Total Equity	572,429	483,779
	\$1,135,111	\$1,096,336

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019
(In thousands, except Earnings per Share)

	2020 (Unaudited)		2019 (Unaudited)	
	Jul to Sep	Jan to Sep	Jul to Sep	Jan to Sep
REVENUES FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (Note 18)	\$312,440	\$788,619	\$303,875	\$939,573
COST OF SALES	282,211	727,899	281,743	860,481
GROSS PROFIT	30,229	60,720	22,132	79,092
OPERATING EXPENSES	(22,695)	(70,480)	(22,832)	(74,391)
OTHERS - Net				
Interest and bank charges	(2,357)	(7,766)	(3,126)	(10,227)
Foreign exchange gains/(losses)	1,583	1,405	(1,316)	(3,059)
Interest income	77	281	297	758
Miscellaneous income (loss) - net	4,754	5,811	(5,116)	3,767
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	11,591	(10,029)	(9,961)	(4,060)
(PROVISION FOR) BENEFIT FROM INCOME TAX	(2,043)	(3,467)	1,207	26
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$9,548	(\$13,496)	(\$8,754)	(\$4,034)
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Parent Company	\$9,107	(\$11,893)	(\$5,333)	\$450
Non-controlling interests	441	(1,603)	(3,421)	(4,484)
	\$9,548	(\$13,496)	(\$8,754)	(\$4,034)
Earnings (Loss) Per Share:				
Basic and diluted (Note 17)		(\$0.007)		\$0.0002

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019
(In thousands)

	2020 (Unaudited)		2019 (Unaudited)	
	Jul to Sep	Jan to Sep	Jul to Sep	Jan to Sep
NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	\$9,548	(\$13,496)	(\$8,754)	(\$4,034)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
<i>Other comprehensive income (loss) to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:</i>				
Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations	19,095	10,664	(13,219)	(15,282)
<i>Other comprehensive income (loss) not to be reclassified into profit or loss in subsequent periods:</i>				
Fair value changes on financial assets at FVOCI - net of tax	(46)	(85)	23	52
	19,049	10,579	(13,196)	(15,230)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	\$28,597	(\$2,917)	(\$21,950)	(\$19,263)
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Parent Company	\$28,156	(\$1,314)	(\$18,529)	(\$14,779)
Non-controlling interests	441	(1,603)	(3,421)	(4,484)
	\$28,597	(\$2,917)	(\$21,950)	(\$19,263)

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019
(In thousands)

Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company

	Capital Stock - Common	Subscribed Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscriptions Receivable	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)				Total
							Components of Equity	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	Remeasurement losses on defined benefit plans	Attributable to Non-controlling Interests	
Balances at January 1, 2020	\$42,674	\$753	\$146,208	(\$2,955)	\$225,753	(\$1,013)	(\$736)	(\$17,683)	(\$10,451)	\$101,229	\$483,779
Forfeitures during the period	-	(3)	(30)	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dilution of ownership interest in a subsidiary (Note 16)	-	-	18,028	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,016	80,044
Derecognition of put option financial liability (Notes 15 and 16)	-	-	14,998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,998
Refund on subscription	-	-	-	(5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5)
Cash dividends on preferred shares (Note 16)	-	-	-	-	(3,471)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,471)
	42,674	750	179,204	(2,927)	222,282	(1,013)	(736)	(17,683)	(10,451)	163,245	575,345
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(11,893)	-	-	-	-	(1,603)	(13,496)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(85)	10,665	-	-	10,580
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	(11,893)	-	(85)	10,665	-	(1,603)	(2,916)
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$42,674	\$750	\$179,204	(\$2,927)	\$210,389	(\$1,013)	(\$821)	(\$7,018)	(\$10,451)	\$161,642	\$572,429

Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company

	Capital Stock - Common	Subscribed Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscriptions Receivable	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)				Total
							Components of Equity	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	Remeasurement losses on defined benefit plans	Attributable to Non-controlling Interests	
Balances at January 1, 2019	\$42,648	\$815	\$146,513	(\$3,403)	\$236,290	(\$1,013)	(\$1,096)	(\$12,894)	(\$6,236)	\$4,812	\$406,436
Effect of finalization of business combination	-	-	-	-	1,680	-	-	(263)	-	2,781	4,199
Balances at January 1, 2019, as restated	42,648	815	146,513	(3,403)	237,970	(1,013)	(1,096)	(13,157)	(6,236)	7,593	410,635
Issued shares during the period	25	(25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of preferred shares (Note 16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,000	60,000
Collections on subscriptions	-	-	-	106	-	-	-	-	-	-	106
Forfeitures during the period	-	(37)	(305)	342	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends on common shares (Note 16)	-	-	-	-	(4,437)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,437)
	42,673	753	146,208	(2,955)	233,533	(1,013)	(1,096)	(13,157)	(6,236)	67,593	466,304
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	-	451	-	-	-	-	(4,484)	(4,033)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	(15,282)	-	-	(15,230)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	451	-	52	(15,282)	-	(4,484)	(19,263)
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$42,673	\$753	\$146,208	(\$2,955)	\$233,984	(\$1,013)	(\$1,044)	(\$28,439)	(\$6,236)	\$63,109	\$447,041

Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company

	Capital Stock - Common	Subscribed Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscriptions Receivable	Retained Earnings (Notes 2 and 16)	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)				Attributable to Non-controlling Interests	Total
						Treasury Stock	Other Components of Equity	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	Remeasurement losses on defined benefit plans		
Balances at January 1, 2019	\$42,648	\$815	\$146,513	(\$3,403)	\$236,290	(\$1,013)	(\$1,096)	(\$12,894)	(\$6,236)	\$4,812	\$406,436
Effect of finalization of business combination (Note 2)	-	-	-	-	1,680	-	-	(263)	-	2,781	4,199
Balances at January 1, 2019, as restated	42,648	815	146,513	(3,403)	237,970	(1,013)	(1,096)	(13,157)	(6,236)	7,593	410,635
Issued shares during the year	26	(26)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of preferred shares (Note 16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,000	100,000
Collections on subscriptions	-	-	-	106	-	-	-	-	-	-	106
Forfeitures during the year	-	(37)	(305)	342	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends (Note 16)	-	-	-	-	(4,437)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,437)
	42,674	753	146,208	(2,955)	233,533	(1,013)	(1,096)	(13,157)	(6,236)	107,593	506,304
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(7,780)	-	-	-	-	(5,415)	(13,195)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	360	(4,526)	(4,215)	(949)	(9,330)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	(7,780)	-	360	(4,526)	(4,215)	(6,364)	(22,525)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$42,674	\$753	\$146,208	(\$2,955)	\$225,753	(\$1,013)	(\$736)	(\$17,683)	(\$10,451)	\$101,229	\$483,779

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)

	Nine months ended September 30	
	2020 (Unaudited)	2019 (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income (loss) before income tax	(\$10,029)	(\$4,060)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	29,990	26,475
Mark-to-market gains on put options (Note 15)	(7,980)	(3,642)
Interest expense	7,517	9,695
Amortization of right-of-use assets (Note 19)	6,880	4,993
Amortization of intangible assets (Note 10)	5,597	5,154
Impairment losses on noncurrent assets (Notes 9, 10 and 11)	5,878	-
Unrealized foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(1,033)	996
Interest income	(281)	(758)
Gains on sale of property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	303	(85)
Reversal of contingent liability (Note 15)	-	(3,729)
Operating income before working capital changes	36,842	35,039
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in:		
Loans and receivables	50,215	21,855
Contract asset	3,295	3,193
Inventories	1,259	18,927
Other current assets	(1,678)	(5,679)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(15,179)	(12,829)
Contract liabilities	(2,761)	704
Retirement liabilities	(726)	(538)
Net cash provided by operations	71,267	60,672
Income tax paid	(1,270)	(3,497)
Interest paid	(7,931)	(10,115)
Interest received	281	758
Net cash provided by operating activities	62,347	47,818
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of:		
Property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	(11,752)	(33,181)
Intangible assets (Note 10)	(163)	(1,018)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	1,691	288
Decrease (increase) in other noncurrent assets	(98)	1,363
Increase (decrease) in deposits from a third party	-	(11,541)
Capitalized development costs, excluding depreciation (Note 10)	-	(2,200)
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,322)	(46,289)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payment of loans	(109,146)	(65,221)
Availment of loans	91,916	3,543
Net proceeds from subsidiary's public offering (Notes 4 and 16)	87,188	-
Payments of lease liabilities (Note 19)	(7,328)	(5,656)
Dividends paid to preference shareholders of a subsidiary (Note 16)	(3,471)	-
Dividends paid to equity holders of the Parent Company (Note 16)	-	(4,437)
Settlement of derivatives	29	143
Proceeds from subscription on a subsidiary's preferred shares (Note 16)	-	60,000
Collections on subscriptions	(5)	106
Decrease in other noncurrent liabilities	1,342	43
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	60,525	(11,479)
NET FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(20)	(226)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	112,530	(10,176)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT JANUARY 1	152,660	108,534
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT SEPTEMBER 30	\$265,190	\$98,358

See accompanying Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information and Basis of Financial Statement Preparation

Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc. (IMI or the Parent Company), a stock corporation organized and registered under the laws of the Republic of the Philippines on August 8, 1980, has four wholly-owned subsidiaries, namely: IMI International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (IMI Singapore), IMI USA, Inc. (IMI USA), IMI Japan, Inc. (IMI Japan) and PSi Technologies, Inc. (PSi) (collectively referred to as the Group). The Parent Company is 52.03% owned by AC Industrial Technology Holdings, Inc. (AC Industrials), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Corporation (AC), a corporation incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines and listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). AC is 47.28% owned by Mermac, Inc. (Ultimate Parent Company) and the rest by the public.

The registered office address of the Parent Company is at North Science Avenue, Laguna Technopark- Special Economic Zone (LT-SEZ), Bo. Biñan, Biñan, Laguna.

The Parent Company was listed by way of introduction in the PSE on January 21, 2010. It has completed its follow-on offering and listing of 215,000,000 common shares on December 5, 2014. On March 2, 2018, the Parent Company completed the stock rights offer and listing of 350,000,000 common shares to all eligible stockholders.

The Parent Company is registered with the Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) as an exporter of printed circuit board assemblies (PCBA), flip chip assemblies, electronic sub-assemblies, box build products and enclosure systems. It also provides the following solutions: product design and development, test and systems development, automation, advanced manufacturing engineering, and power module assembly, among others. It serves diversified markets that include those in the automotive, industrial, medical, storage device, and consumer electronics industries, and non-electronic products (including among others, automobiles, motorcycles, solar panels) or parts, components or materials of non-electronic products, as well as to perform and provide information technology services such as but not limited to data labeling/encoding or image annotation services.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for release by the Audit Committee on October 29, 2020.

2. Group Information

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and the following subsidiaries:

Subsidiary	Percentage of Ownership		Country of Incorporation	Functional Currency
	2020	2019		
IMI International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	100.00%	100.00%	Singapore	United States Dollar (USD)
IMI International ROHQ	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	USD
Speedy-Tech Electronics Ltd. (STEL) Group	100.00%	100.00%	Singapore	USD
IMI (Chengdu) Ltd. (IMICD)	100.00%	100.00%	China	Renminbi (RMB)
Shenzhen Speedy-Tech Electronics Co., Ltd. (SZSTE)	-	-	China	USD
IMI Technology (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd. (IMI SZ)	100.00%	100.00%	China	USD
IMI Smart Technology (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd. ^a	100.00%	100.00%	China	RMB
Speedy-Tech Electronics (HK) Limited (STHK)	100.00%	100.00%	Hong Kong	USD
Speedy-Tech Electronics (Jiaxing) Co., Ltd. (STJX)	100.00%	100.00%	China	USD
Speedy-Tech (Philippines), Inc. (STPH)	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	USD

Subsidiary	Percentage of Ownership		Country of Incorporation	Functional Currency
	2020	2019		
Cooperatief IMI Europe U.A.	100.00%	100.00%	Netherlands	Euro (EUR)
Integrated Micro-Electronics Bulgaria EOOD	100.00%	100.00%	Bulgaria	EUR
Microenergia EOOD (Microenergia)	100.00%	100.00%	Bulgaria	Bulgarian Lev (BGN)
Integrated Micro-Electronics d.o.o. Niš (IMI Serbia)	100.00%	100.00%	Serbia	Serbian Dinar (RSD)
Integrated Micro-Electronics Czech Republic s.r.o.	100.00%	100.00%	Czech Republic	EUR
Integrated Micro-Electronics Mexico, S.A.P.I. de C.V.	100.00%	100.00%	Mexico	USD
Integrated Micro-Electronics Manufactura S.A.P.I. de C.V. ^b	-	-	Mexico	Mexican Peso (MXP)
IMI France SAS (IMI France)	100.00%	100.00%	France	EUR
VIA Optronics AG (VIA) ^c	50.32%	76.01%	Germany	EUR
VIA Optronics GmbH (VIA)	100.00%	100.00%	Germany	EUR
VIA Optronics Suzhou Co. Ltd. (VIA Suzhou)	100.00%	100.00%	China	RMB
VIA Optronics LLC (VIA LLC)	100.00%	100.00%	USA	USD
VIA Optronics (Taiwan) Ltd ^c	100.00%	100.00%	Taiwan	Taiwan Dollar
VTS-Touchsensor Co., Ltd. (VTS)	65.00%	65.00%	Japan	Japanese Yen (JPY)
Integrated Micro-Electronics UK Limited (IMI UK)	100.00%	100.00%	United Kingdom	British Pounds (GBP)
Surface Technology International Enterprises Ltd (STI)	80.00%	80.00%	United Kingdom	GBP
STI Limited	100.00%	100.00%	United Kingdom	GBP
STI Philippines Inc. (STIPH)	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	USD
STI Asia Ltd ^d	100.00%	100.00%	Hong Kong	Hong Kong Dollar (HKD)
STI Supplychain Ltd ^d	100.00%	100.00%	United Kingdom	GBP
ST Intercept Limited	100.00%	100.00%	United Kingdom	GBP
IMI USA	100.00%	100.00%	USA	USD
IMI Japan	100.00%	100.00%	Japan	USD
PSi	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	USD
PSiTech Realty, Inc. (PSiTech Realty) ^d	40.00%	40.00%	Philippines	USD
Pacsem Realty, Inc. (Pacsem Realty) ^d	64.00%	64.00%	Philippines	USD

^aNew subsidiary under IMI SZ incorporated in 2019 as a spin-off of the Kuichong operations.

^bLegally merged with IMI Mexico in July 2019

^cNew entities of VIA in 2019; IMI's ownership in VIA was diluted to 50.32% as a result of the initial public offering of VIA in the NYSE

^dIn the process of liquidation

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared using the historical cost basis, except for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) and financial assets through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in United States (U.S.) Dollar (\$), and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the nine months periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 have been prepared in accordance with the Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34 (Amended), *Interim Financial Reporting*. Accordingly, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required in the annual audited consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, which have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Except as otherwise stated, the significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and for each of the two years in the period ended September 30, 2020.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- a. Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- b. Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- c. The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- a. The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- b. Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- c. The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included or excluded in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control or until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Non-controlling interests pertain to the equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly to the Parent Company. Any equity instruments issued by a subsidiary that are not owned by the Parent Company are non-controlling interests including preferred shares and options under share-based transactions. The portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not wholly-owned are presented separately in the consolidated statements of income, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of financial position, separately from the Parent Company's equity. Non-controlling interests are net of any outstanding subscription receivable.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

In accounting for call and put options over non-controlling interests, management determines whether it has present access to the returns associated with the non-controlling interests. If the options give the Group access to the returns over the non-controlling interests, the Group consolidates the acquiree as if it acquired a 100% interest.

If the options do not give the Group present access to the returns over the non-controlling interests, the Group takes the view that the non-controlling interests should be accounted for in accordance with PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and must be presented within equity separate from the equity of the Parent Company, until the option is exercised.

The call option is accounted for under PAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, as a derivative asset carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial liability for the put option is accounted for under PAS 39 like any other written put option on equity instruments. On initial recognition, the corresponding debit is made to a component of equity attributable to the parent, not to the non-controlling interest. All subsequent changes in the carrying amount of the financial liability that result from the remeasurement of the present value payable on exercise are recognized in profit or loss also attributable to the parent.

If the put option is exercised, the entity accounts for an increase in its ownership interest. At the same time, the entity derecognizes the financial liability and reverses the component of equity that was reduced on initial recognition. If the put option expires unexercised, the financial liability is reclassified to the same component of equity that was reduced on initial recognition.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Parent Company. The difference is included as part of additional paid-in capital.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interest and other components of equity, while the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained is recognised at fair value.

Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial years except for the new PFRS, amended PFRS and improvements to PFRS which were adopted beginning January 1, 2020. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

- *Amendments to PFRS 3, Definition of a Business*

The amendments to PFRS 3 clarify the minimum requirements to be a business, remove the assessment of a market participant's ability to replace missing elements, and narrow the definition of outputs. The amendments also add guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and add illustrative examples. An optional fair value concentration test is introduced which permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

These amendments will apply on future business combinations of the Group.

- *Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, Definition of Material*

The amendments refine the definition of material in PAS 1 and align the definitions used across PFRSs and other pronouncements. They are intended to improve the understanding of the existing requirements rather than to significantly impact an entity's materiality judgements.

An entity applies those amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted.

The amendments were consistently applied on the disclosures of the Group.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2021

- **PFRS 17, *Insurance Contracts***
PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

PFRS 17 is not applicable to the Group since none of the entities within the Group have activities that are predominantly connected with insurance or issue insurance contracts.

Deferred effectivity

- **Amendments to PFRS 10 and PAS 28, *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture***

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3, *Business Combinations*. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2017, the Financial Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2017 of the said amendments until the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Cash on hand	\$81	\$81
Cash in banks	247,058	127,289
Short-term investments	18,051	25,290
	\$265,190	\$152,660

Cash in banks earns interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Short-term investments are made for varying periods of up to ten months and earn interest at the respective short-term investment rates.

Net proceeds from VIA's IPO amounted to \$87.19 million, net of underwriting discounts and commissions, but before expenses (see Note 16).

5. Receivables - net

This account consists of:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Trade	\$241,187	\$284,594
Nontrade	2,124	6,080
Receivable from insurance	1,087	1,087
Receivable from employees	642	643
Due from related parties (Note 20)	708	440
Others	252	95
	246,000	292,939
Less allowance for ECLs	2,513	2,296
	\$243,487	\$290,643

Trade

Trade receivables arise from manufacturing and other related services for electronic products and components and have credit terms averaging 80 days from invoice date.

Nontrade

Nontrade receivables represent billings to customers for production and test equipment and all other charges agreed with the customers in carrying out business operations. These receivables have credit terms averaging 45 days from invoice date.

Receivable from insurance

Claims to damages to equipment and inventories caused by a fire incident in the Parent Company's plant in Cebu in 2009 amounting to \$1.09 million and which was fully impaired as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Receivable from employees

Receivable from employees mostly pertain to non-interest bearing short-term loans granted to the Group's employees which are collectible through salary deduction.

Allowance for ECLs

Trade receivables, nontrade receivables, receivable from insurance and receivable from employees with aggregate nominal value of \$2.51 million and \$2.30 million as of September 30,

2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, were individually assessed to be impaired and fully provided with allowance for ECL.

Provisions for ECL recognized for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$0.36 million and \$0.25 million, respectively. Provisions during the period form part of "Operating Expenses" account.

6. Contract Balances

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Contract assets	\$55,613	\$58,908
Contract liabilities	1,981	4,742

Contract assets are initially recognized for revenue earned from manufacturing of goods as receipt of consideration is conditional on successful completion of the services. When goods are shipped or goods are received by the customer, depending on the corresponding agreement with the customers, the amounts recognized as contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables. Payments are received from customers depending on the credit terms.

For the periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Group did not recognize a provision for expected credit losses on contract assets.

Contract liabilities includes short-term advances received to render manufacturing services.

The Group applied the practical expedient in PFRS 15 on the disclosure of information about the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations given the customer contracts have original expected duration of one year or less.

7. Inventories

Provisions and (reversals) for inventory obsolescence and allowance for decline in inventories, recognized for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$1.25 million and (\$0.02) million, respectively.

8. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Advances to suppliers	\$5,278	\$2,893
Prepayments and deferred charges	4,431	11,113
Tax credits	1,958	4,528
Input taxes	1,442	558
Derivative assets	-	5
Others	19,554	10
	\$32,663	\$19,107

Advances to suppliers

Advances to suppliers represent advance payments made to suppliers for direct materials.

Prepayments and Deferred Charges

Prepayments include prepayments for rent, life and fire insurance and prepaid insurance for product liability and recall which covers product recall expenses and potential liability to third parties seeking damage if the Group recalls any of its products. This also includes prepaid intellectual property rights and financing transaction costs and deferred charges related to capital raising activity. A portion of the prepayment pertaining to IPO transaction costs was reversed to equity upon IPO of VIA.

Tax Credits

Tax credits represent recoverable taxes of IMI MX and BG such as VAT refundable and business tax and amounts withheld from income tax payments of the Parent Company and PSi.

Input Taxes

This account includes input tax expected to be applied against output tax within 12 months from the balance sheet date. Input tax is recognized when an entity in the Group purchases goods or services from a supplier or vendor.

Others

This account includes subscriptions receivable related to purchase of VIA shares by Corning Research and Development Corporation aggregating to \$20 million (\$19.6 million net of commissions) in a separate concurrent private placement (see Note 16).

9. Property, Plant and Equipment - net

	Sep 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Property, Plant and Equipment	\$369,381	\$355,717
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	186,909	159,691
Accumulated Impairment losses	3,681	1,732
Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	\$178,791	\$194,294

Additions to property, plant and equipment for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$11.75 million comprise mainly of purchases of machinery and equipment for new programs and capacity expansion.

Depreciation expense amounted to \$29.99 million and \$26.48 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Due to declining demand brought by the global automotive downturn, the Group recognized impairment losses on certain machineries amounting to \$1.95 million.

The Group recognized gains/(losses) from disposal and retirement of certain machineries and facilities equipment, furniture and fixtures, and tools and instruments for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 amounting to (\$0.30) million and \$0.09 million, respectively.

10. Intangible Assets - net

	Sep 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Intangible Assets	\$71,624	\$71,126
Less: Accumulated Amortization	47,873	42,024
Accumulated Impairment losses	1,522	525
Intangible Assets (Net)	\$22,229	\$28,577

Intangible assets consist of product development costs, intellectual properties, customer relationships, and software licenses.

Product development costs with a net book value of \$11.11 million and \$14.85 million as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, include capitalized costs during the development phase of certain projects and amortized upon mass production. No additional costs were capitalized during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020. Capitalized costs in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$3.40 million.

The Group's intellectual properties relate to the acquisition of VIA and VTS. Net book value as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 amounted to \$6.29 million and \$8.36 million, respectively.

In 2018, the acquisition of VTS gave rise to identification and valuation of customer relationships that were not recognized as internally-developed intangible assets. The net book value of the customer relationships amounted to \$1.13 million and \$1.45 million as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

Software licenses which include acquisitions of computer software, applications and modules has net book value of \$3.70 million and \$3.92 million as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. Additions during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$0.20 million.

Amortization for all intangibles amounted to \$5.60 million and \$5.15 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Due to declining demand brought by the global automotive downturn, the Group recognized impairment losses on the product development costs amounting to \$1.0 million.

11. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Deferred charges	\$17,032	\$20,080
Miscellaneous deposits	1,361	1,558
Others	670	260
	\$19,063	\$21,898

Deferred charges represent tooling items customized based on the specifications of the customers and to be repaid as part of the price of the manufactured items. Due to declining demand brought by the global automotive downturn, the Group recognized impairment losses amounting to \$2.93 million.

Miscellaneous deposits comprise utilities and rent deposits.

12. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

This account consists of:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Trade payables	\$169,416	\$188,023
Nontrade payables	30,718	30,289
Accrued compensation and benefits	26,022	20,768
Accrued expenses	16,488	14,887
Taxes payable	6,961	7,779
Advances from customers	969	935
Accrued interest payable	687	2,365
Customers' deposits	914	878
Employee-related contributions	58	676
Due to related parties (Note 20)	7	2
Others	-	470
	\$252,240	\$267,072

Trade Payables

Trade payables are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on 30 to 90-day average terms.

Nontrade Payables

This account consists of obligations related to outsourced manpower, logistics and freight forwarders, professional and service fees and other nontrade related payables. These payables are normally settled on 30 to 60-day terms.

Accrued Compensation and Benefits

Accrued compensation and benefits include accrued salaries, leave credits and other employee benefits.

Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist mainly of accruals for taxes, supplies, professional fees, utilities, insurance, and freight and brokerage.

Taxes Payable

Taxes payable pertain to taxes due other than corporate income tax.

Advances from Customers

Advances from customers include financial liabilities pertaining to commercial agreements with certain customers of VIA with interest ranging from 2.91% to 5.00%.

Employee-related Contributions

This account consists mainly of remittances related to government agencies such as social security and insurance, housing fund and health insurance.

Others

This account consists of unreleased checks and consignment payables of the Parent Company for the materials received from its customers.

13. Loans Payable

This account consists of borrowings of the following entities:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Parent Company	\$152,200	\$72,000
STEL	30,800	25,901
VIA & STI	33,784	28,151
IMI CZ	1,429	–
	\$218,213	\$126,052

Parent Company

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Parent Company has unsecured short-term loans aggregating to \$152.20 million and \$72.00 million, respectively, with maturities ranging from 30 to 90 days, and annual interest rates ranging from 1.49% to 3.20% in 2020 and 2.45% to 2.95% in 2019.

STEL

The loans of STEL are from existing revolving credit facilities with Singapore-based banks and bear annual interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 4.00% in 2020 and 3.46% to 4.64% in 2019.

VIA & STI

The loans of VIA and STI are unsecured loans from China, Germany and UK-based banks with terms ranging from 90 to 365 days and interest rates ranging from 1.95% to 4.7% in 2020 and 1.95% to 5.0% in 2019.

IMI CZ

The loans of IMI CZ are from existing revolving credit facilities with Czech-based bank which bear annual interest based on 1-month EURIBOR plus 1.20%.

14. Long-Term Debt

This account consists of borrowings of the following entities:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Parent Company	\$30,000	\$135,835
VTS and IMI CZ	4,811	6,589
	34,811	142,424
Less current portion:		
Parent Company	–	25,830
VTS and IMI CZ	2,048	2,208
	2,048	28,038
Noncurrent portion	\$32,763	\$114,386

Parent Company

The long-term debts of the Parent Company aggregating to \$30.00 million as of September 30, 2020 from local banks, and \$135.84 million as of December 31, 2019 from Singapore-based and local banks have terms of three to five years and subject to fixed annual interest rates ranging from 2.80% to 3.80% in 2020 and 2.70% to 3.41% in 2019.

Loan covenants related to the Parent Company's loans as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

- Net debt to equity ratio not to exceed 1:75:1
- Maintenance of the Group's debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.25:1; and
- Maintenance of the Group's current ratio of at least 1:1;

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Parent Company has complied with all of the above-mentioned loan covenants.

VTS and IMI CZ

VTS and IMI CZ have unsecured long-term loans with Japanese and Czech-based banks that are payable monthly.

15. Other Financial Liabilities

The account consists of financial liabilities arising from the acquisition of VIA and STI as follows:

	September 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Put options over non-controlling interests		
VIA	\$-	\$16,893
STI (Note 2)	-	5,477
Contingent consideration	-	-
Current	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$22,370</u>

Put options over non-controlling interests

The put options of VIA pertain to the right of the non-controlling shareholder to sell to IMI a portion of its shareholding that is approximately 5% of the issued and outstanding nominal share capital of VIA within the first and third anniversary of the agreement (5% put option) and all remaining shares held by the non-controlling shareholder upon the happening of certain trigger events (exit put options).

The put option of STI pertains to the right of the non-controlling shareholder to sell to IMI all non-controlling interests held upon the happening of certain trigger events as specified in the shareholders agreement.

Mark-to-market gains on put options included under "Miscellaneous income (expense) – net" account for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$7.98 million gain and \$3.64 million, respectively.

The put options of STI was determined to be nil value as of September 30, 2020 while the put options of VIA was terminated upon IPO and balance of \$15 million was reverted to equity under "Additional paid-in capital" account.

Contingent consideration

The contingent consideration is part of the cost of acquisition of STI and is valued based on the actual normalized EBITDA performance less adjustments in 2018 and 2019.

The Group reversed the remaining balance of \$3.73 million in the first half of 2019 and the gain from the reversal amounting to \$3.73 million was included under "Miscellaneous income (expense) - net" account.

16. Equity

Retained Earnings

Retained earnings as of January 1, 2019 was adjusted for the effect of the finalization of purchase price allocation of VTS in the first quarter of 2019 with a net increase of \$1.68 million. The net increase is due to the gain on a bargain purchase of \$2.41 million, net of the increase in depreciation and amortization, deferred taxes and corresponding share of non-controlling interest totaling to \$0.73 million.

APIC and Non-controlling interest

Issuance of capital stock - preferred by IMI Singapore

In 2019, IMI Singapore, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, issued redeemable cumulative preferred stocks (RCPS), which were subscribed by AC Industrials (Singapore) Pte, Ltd. (ACI Singapore), an entity under common control of AC Industrials. The preferred shares have certain features, rights and privileges, which include redemption at the option of the issuer and cumulative, non-participating dividend rights at rates to be determined by the Board of Directors. There is no conversion option to the shareholders to convert the RCPS into ordinary shares of IMI Singapore and the shareholders have no voting rights unless the resolution in question varies the rights attached to the RCPS or is for the winding-up of the IMI Singapore. Total shares issued aggregated to \$100 million, \$60 million of which was allotted and issued in July 2019 and \$40 million in November 2019.

VIA Initial Public Offering

On September 25, 2020, VIA Optronics, a 76%-owned German subsidiary of IMI, raised some proceeds through an initial public offering (IPO) and was listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "VIAO". The IPO involves issuance of 6,250,000 American Depositary Shares (ADSs), representing 1,250,000 ordinary shares at a public offering price of \$15.00 per ADS, for gross proceeds of \$93.75 million (net \$87.19 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions). Corning Research & Development Corporation ("Corning"), one of VIA's commercial partners, has also agreed to purchase 1,403,505 ADSs, representing 280,701 ordinary shares, at an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$20 million (net \$19.6 million after commissions) in a separate concurrent private placement.

As a result of the IPO, IMI's ownership interest in VIA was diluted from 76.01% to 50.32%. In relation to the dilution without loss of control, the carrying amount of the non-controlling interest was adjusted by \$62 million to reflect the changes in the relative interests in VIA (including allocation of goodwill). IMI recognized directly in equity any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received, and attribute it to the owners of the parent. The amount recognized in equity amounted to \$18.0 million included under "Additional paid-in capital" account.

The put options of VIA was terminated upon IPO and balance of \$15 million was reverted to equity under "Additional paid-in capital" account.

Dividends

In March 2020, IMI Singapore declared dividend on the RCPS to ACI Singapore amounting to \$3.47 million.

On April 8, 2019, the BOD of the Parent Company approved the declaration of cash dividend of \$0.00201 or P0.10542 per share to all outstanding common shares aggregating to \$4.44 million as of record date of April 25, 2019 paid on May 7, 2019.

No dividends were paid to the common equity holders of the parent company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies and processes during the period ended September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio of debt-to-equity and net debt-to-equity. The Group considers bank borrowings in the determination of debt, which consist of loans payable and long-term bank debt. Net debt is equivalent to the total bank borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents.

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
Loans payable	\$218,213	\$126,052
Long-term bank borrowings	34,811	142,424
Total bank debt	253,024	268,476
Less cash and cash equivalents	265,190	152,660
Net bank debt	(\$12,166)	\$115,816
Total Equity	572,429	483,779
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.44:1	0.55:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio	-0.02:1	0.24:1

The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

17. Earnings per Share

The following table presents information necessary to calculate EPS on net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
	(In thousands)	
Net income (loss)	(\$11,893)	\$450
Less: Preferred dividends	(3,471)	–
	(\$15,364)	\$450
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	2,208,649	2,209,058
Basic and diluted	(\$0.007)	\$0.0002

As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Parent Company has no dilutive potential common shares.

18. Segment Information

Management monitors operating results per geographical area for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. It evaluates the segment performance based on gross revenue, interest income and expense and net income before and after tax of its major manufacturing sites. The Parent Company and PSi are combined under Philippine segment, STEL Group is categorized under China segment, IMI BG, IMI CZ and IMI Serbia are combined under Europe based on the industry segment and customers served, IMI

Mexico is presented under Mexico segment, VIA and STI are combined under Germany/UK segment representing non-wholly owned subsidiaries, IMI USA, IMI Japan, IMI UK and IMI Singapore/ROHQ are combined being the holding and support facilities for strategic management, research and development, engineering development and sales and marketing.

Prior period information is consistent with the current year basis of segmentation.

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries generally account for inter-segment revenue and transfers as if the revenue and transfers were to third parties at current market prices. These transactions are accounted for in accordance with PFRS.

Intersegment revenues, cost of sales, and operating expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

The amount of segment assets and liabilities are based on measurement principles that are similar with those used in measuring assets and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position which is in accordance with PFRS.

The following tables present revenue and profit information regarding the Group's geographical segments per legal entity's parent or main business location for the six-month period ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

September 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Philippines						Singapore/ USA/Japan	Consolidation and Eliminations	Total
	Parent Company	PSi	China	Europe	Mexico	Germany/UK			
Revenue:									
Third party	\$143,966	\$9,944	\$171,564	\$176,451	\$84,196	\$183,319	\$19,179	\$-	\$788,619
Intersegment	26,764	-	16,633	2,125	239	-	4,323	(50,084)	-
Total revenue	\$170,730	\$9,944	\$188,197	\$178,576	\$84,435	\$183,319	\$23,502	(\$50,084)	\$788,619
Segment interest income	\$928	\$1	\$1,047	\$335	\$-	\$4	\$4,292	(\$6,326)	\$281
Segment interest expense and bank charges	(\$4,664)	(\$576)	(\$2,256)	(\$672)	(\$2,206)	(\$3,614)	(\$162)	\$6,384	(\$7,766)
Segment profit (loss) before income tax	(\$8,894)	(\$1,844)	\$5,180	\$8,491	(\$8,422)	(\$4,653)	\$6,939	(\$6,826)	(\$10,029)
Segment provision for income tax	(1,024)	(68)	(69)	(75)	79	(1,745)	(136)	251	(3,467)
Segment profit (loss) after income tax	(\$9,918)	(\$1,912)	\$5,111	\$7,736	(\$8,343)	(\$6,398)	\$6,803	(\$6,575)	(\$13,496)
Net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company	(\$9,918)	(\$1,912)	\$5,111	\$7,736	(\$8,343)	(\$5,014)	\$6,803	(\$6,356)	(\$11,893)

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Philippines						Singapore/ USA/Japan	Consolidation and Eliminations	Total
	Parent Company	PSi	China	Europe	Mexico	Germany/UK			
Revenue:									
Third party	\$176,894	\$14,524	\$194,266	\$247,439	\$121,580	\$184,409	\$461	\$-	\$939,573
Intersegment	15,360	-	14,471	2,748	544	-	4,255	(37,378)	-
Total revenue	\$192,254	\$14,524	\$208,737	\$250,187	\$122,124	\$184,409	\$4,716	(\$37,378)	\$939,573
Segment interest income	\$2,449	\$2	\$650	\$247	\$-	\$-	\$3,040	(\$5,630)	\$758
Segment interest expense and bank charges	(\$5,866)	(\$786)	(\$1,979)	(\$866)	(\$2,476)	(\$2,658)	(\$163)	\$4,567	(\$10,227)
Segment profit (loss) before income tax	\$2,456	(\$2,235)	(\$2,738)	\$15,513	(\$4,365)	(\$10,876)	(\$4,186)	\$2,372	(\$4,059)
Segment provision for income tax	(1,469)	9	1,017	(1,716)	(284)	2,052	343	74	26
Segment profit (loss) after income tax	\$987	(\$2,226)	(\$1,721)	\$13,797	(\$4,649)	(\$8,824)	(\$3,843)	\$2,446	(\$4,033)
Net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company	\$987	(\$2,226)	(\$1,721)	\$13,797	(\$4,649)	(\$4,559)	(\$3,843)	\$2,665	\$450

Intersegment revenues, cost of sales, and operating expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

The following table presents segment assets of the Group's geographical segments as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	Philippines		China	Europe	Mexico	Germany/UK	USA/ Japan/ Singapore	Consoli- dation and Eliminations	Total
	Parent Company	PSi							
September 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	\$484,148	\$11,477	\$239,388	\$269,647	\$107,315	\$316,856	\$407,807	(\$701,527)	\$1,135,111
December 31, 2019 (Audited)	\$515,513	\$11,743	\$272,002	\$289,407	\$123,661	\$219,971	\$418,137	(\$754,098)	\$1,096,336

Investments in subsidiaries and intersegment receivables amounting to \$195.39 million and \$156.61 million as of September 30, 2020, respectively, and \$195.39 million and \$156.92 million as of December 31, 2019, respectively are eliminated in consolidation.

Goodwill acquired through business combinations recognized at consolidated level had been allocated to the following CGUs:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)
	(In thousands)	
STI	\$55,694	\$56,627
STEL	38,225	38,225
VIA	30,913	44,325
Parent Company	1,098	1,098
IMI CZ	533	506
	\$126,463	\$140,781

Upon relative change in the ownership interest in VIA from 76.01% to 50.32% as a result of the IPO, a portion of the goodwill was reallocated to the non-controlling interest amounting to \$15.8 million.

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenues from contracts with customers are further disaggregated by type, customer's nationality, market segment and timing of revenue recognition, as management believes it best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

The following table presents revenue by type:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
	(In thousands)	
Manufacturing of goods	\$784,315	\$936,186
Non-recurring engineering services	4,304	3,387
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$788,619	\$939,573

The following table presents revenue from contracts with customer per timing of revenue recognition for each reportable segments:

	September 30, 2020 (Unaudited)		Total
	Revenue recognized over time	Revenue recognized at point in time	
	(In thousands)		
Philippines			
Parent Company	\$143,966	\$-	\$143,966
PSi	9,944	-	9,944
China	169,209	2,355	171,564

September 30, 2020 (Unaudited)			
	Revenue recognized over time	Revenue recognized at point in time	Total
Europe	176,175	276	176,451
Mexico	81,602	2,594	84,196
Germany/UK	60,849	122,470	183,319
USA/Japan/Singapore	–	19,179	19,179
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$641,745	\$146,874	\$788,619

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)			
	Revenue recognized over time	Revenue recognized at point in time	Total
(In thousands)			
Philippines			
Parent Company	\$176,895	\$–	\$176,895
PSi	14,524	–	14,524
China	194,266	–	194,266
Europe	245,927	1,511	247,438
Mexico	120,110	1,470	121,580
Germany/UK	69,202	115,207	115,207
USA/Japan/Singapore	–	461	461
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$820,924	\$118,649	\$939,573

The following table presents revenues from external customers based on customer's nationality:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
(In thousands)		
Europe	\$380,170	471,640
America	156,942	167,131
Japan	23,968	30,388
Asia/Others	227,539	270,414
	\$788,619	\$939,573

Revenues are attributed to countries on the basis of the customer's location.

The following table presents revenues per market segment:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
(In thousands)		
Automotive	\$335,733	\$454,186
Industrial	233,199	247,670
Consumer	73,978	80,773
Telecom	61,788	70,757
Aerospace	29,903	36,368
Medical	26,158	11,458
Multiple markets / Others	27,860	38,361
	\$788,619	\$939,573

19. Lease Commitments

Set out below are the carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets presented under non-current assets, and the movements during the period:

	Sep 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thousands)	
At beginning of period	\$32,028	\$39,100
Additions	7,087	–
Amortization expense	(6,880)	(6,956)
Cumulative translation adjustment	338	(116)
As end of period	\$32,573	\$32,028

Set out below are the carrying amounts of the Group's lease liabilities and the movements during the period:

	Sep 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thousands)	
At beginning of period	\$33,798	\$39,100
Additions	7,087	–
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,263	1,369
Rental payments	(7,328)	(7,604)
Cumulative translation adjustment	(740)	933
At end of period	\$34,080	\$33,798
Current	\$4,552	\$4,075
Noncurrent	\$29,528	\$29,723

The following are the amounts recognized in consolidated statements of income:

	Sep 30, 2020	Sep 30, 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	(In thousands)	
Amortization expense of right-of-use assets	\$6,880	\$4,993
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,263	1,004
Expense related to short-term leases and low-value assets (included in cost of sales and operating expenses)	1,585	3,091
	\$9,728	\$9,088

The Group's lease agreements have terms of fixed payments and there are no variable payment provisions.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and align with Group's business needs. Management exercises significant judgment in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised.

- iii. Payables to GTI pertain to billings for software and WiFi connections. These are due and demandable.
 - iv. Payables to ICI are nontrade in nature and pertain to leased lines, internet connections and automated teller machines connections. These are noninterest-bearing and are due every month.
- d. Revenue/income and expenses from the Group's affiliates follow:

	Revenue/Income		Expenses	
	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
	(In thousands)			
KAMMI	\$761	\$1,718	\$-	\$-
MSTPI	606	1,021	-	-
BPI	4	4	-	-
ACEHI	-	-	-	464
Technopark Land, Inc (TLI)	-	-	1,042	634
Laguna AAWater Corp. (LAWC)	-	-	708	445
AC	-	-	653	54
Ayala Group Legal (AG Legal)	-	-	146	65
Innove Communication, Inc. (ICI)	-	-	79	104
GTI	-	-	62	117
	\$1,371	\$2,743	\$2,690	\$1,883

Revenue/income from its affiliates pertains to the following transactions:

- i. Interest income earned from investments and gain on foreign currency forwards with BPI.
- ii. Revenues from KAMMI and MSTPI pertain to subcontracting services related to registered activities.

Expenses incurred from related party transactions include:

- i. Light and power allocation charged by ACEHI to the Parent Company. The contract with ACEHI ended in January 2019.
- ii. Rental expense from the lease contract between the Parent Company and TLI.
- iii. Water allocation charged by LAWC.
- iv. Administrative services charged by AC related to certain transactions.
- v. Consultations on legal matters and assistance on regulatory and legal requirements from AG Legal.
- vi. Building rental, leased lines, internet connections and ATM connections with ICI.
- vii. Billings for cellphone charges and WiFi connections with GTI.

d. Revenue and expenses eliminated at the Group level follow:

- i. Intercompany revenues mainly pertain to billings of IMI USA and IMI Japan to IMI Singapore and the Parent Company for recovery costs related to the management salaries of key management personnel under IMI ROHQ.

- ii. Expenses incurred from related party transactions include interest expense of PSi, IMI MX, STI and IMI CZ from loans granted by the Parent Company, IMI Singapore and STSN.

Guarantees and Commitments

IMI BG has agreed to provide continuing operational, investment and financial assistance to the facilities of C-Con GmbH ("C-Con"), a related party and an entity under common control of AC Industrials, for C-Con will duly and timely perform all required obligations under contracts to be entered into with a particular customer. In case of C-Con's failure to perform its contractual obligations under the contract including but not limited to failure to perform due to C-Con's insolvency ("Breach"), IMI BG will indemnify and hold harmless the customer from any and all costs, liabilities, damages, losses, and reasonable amount of actually-incurred out of pocket expenses (including court costs and legal expenses) of the customer occasioned by or arising from such Breach. As consideration for extending said guarantee, IMI BG will be charging C-Con a guarantee fee equivalent to two (2%) of the revenue for the projects won using or relying upon IMI BG's guarantee. Additionally, IMI BG's guarantee to C-Con is backstopped by AC Industrials (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., another related party of IMI BG.

21. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Fair Values of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities where the Carrying Amounts Approximate Fair Values

Financial assets and financial liabilities that are liquid or are short-term in nature which consist of cash, receivables, accounts payables and accrued expenses, with maturity of less than one year, are assumed to have carrying amounts approximating their fair values.

Below are the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are either carried at fair value or where the carrying amounts do not approximate fair values as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	Carrying Amounts		Fair Values	
	Sep 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019	Sep 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
	(In thousands)			
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at FVOCI	\$1,167	\$1,200	\$1,167	\$1,200
Financial liabilities:				
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	\$32,763	\$114,386	\$32,958	\$109,757
Financial liabilities on put options	-	22,370	-	22,370
	\$32,763	\$136,756	\$32,958	\$132,127

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Financial assets at FVOCI pertain to investments in club shares. Fair value is based on quoted prices.

Derivatives - These pertain to currency forwards hedged by the Group for risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations. The fair value of the currency forwards is calculated by reference to current forward exchange rates for contracts with similar maturities as advised by the counterparty to the currency forwards contracts.

Financial liabilities on put options - These pertain to the liabilities of Cooperatief and IMI UK arising from the written put options over the non-controlling interest of VIA and STI. The fair value of the financial liabilities is estimated using the discounted, probability-weighted cash flow method. The future cash flows were projected using the equity forward pricing formula with reference to the current equity value of the acquiree and the forecasted interest rate which is the risk-free rate in

Germany and UK. The risk-free rate used is 0.17% for VIA and 0.74% for STI. Management applied weights on the estimated future cash flows, based on management's judgment on the chance that the trigger events for the put options will occur.

The current equity value of VIA is determined using the discounted cash flow approach. The future cash flows are projected using the projected revenue growth rate of VIA. The discount rate represents the current market assessment of the risk specific to the acquiree, taking into consideration the time value of money and individual risks of the underlying assets that have not been incorporated in the cash flow estimates. The discount rate calculation is based on the specific circumstances of the acquiree and is derived from its weighted average cost of capital.

For STI, management used the market approach by approximating the EBITDA multiple taken from comparable companies of STI that are engaged in providing electronics services solutions to derive its current equity value. Management computed EBITDA as the difference of forecasted gross profit and selling and administrative expenses before depreciation and amortization.

Contingent consideration - This pertains to the contingent consideration related to the acquisition of STI determined by discounting the probability weighted payout as estimated by management. The payout is estimated using the projected revenue growth rate of STI. The discount rate is based on the specific circumstances of the acquiree and is derived from its weighted average cost of capital.

Noncurrent portion of long-term debt - The fair value of long-term debt is estimated by using the discounted cash flow method using the current incremental borrowing rates for similar borrowings, with maturities consistent with those remaining for the liability being valued. The discount rates used for 2020 and 2019 ranged from 1.67% to 3.80% and from 1.67% to 3.76% respectively.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The following tables provide the fair value hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities:

	September 30, 2020			
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets measured at fair value:				
Financial assets at FVOCI	\$-	\$1,167	\$-	\$1,167
Liabilities measured at fair value:				
Financial liabilities on put options	-	-	-	-
Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed:				
Long-term debt	\$-	\$-	\$32,763	\$32,763

	December 31, 2019			
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets measured at fair value:				
Financial assets at FVOCI	\$-	\$1,200	\$-	\$1,200
Liabilities measured at fair value:				
Financial liabilities on put options	\$-	\$-	\$22,370	\$22,370

Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed:

Long-term debt	\$-	\$-	\$114,386	\$114,386
----------------	-----	-----	-----------	-----------

The table below shows reconciliation of recurring fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

2020

	Dec 31, 2019	Mark-to-market gain	Reversal	Currency Translation Adjustment	Sep 30, 2020
Financial liabilities on put options	\$22,370	(\$7,980)	(\$14,999)	\$609	\$-
	\$22,370	(\$7,980)	(\$14,999)	\$609	\$-

2019

	Dec 31, 2018	Mark-to-market gain	Currency Translation Adjustment	Sep 30, 2019
Financial liabilities on put options	\$26,079	(\$3,642)	(\$917)	\$21,520
	\$26,079	(\$3,642)	(\$917)	\$21,520

The Group's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

22. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments, composed of trust receipts and loans payable, long-term debt and other financial liabilities, were issued primarily to raise financing for the Group's operations. The Group has various financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, receivables and accounts payable and accrued expenses which arise directly from its operations.

The main purpose of the Group's financial instruments is to fund its operational and capital expenditures. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and foreign currency risk. The Group also enters into currency forwards to manage the currency risk arising from its operations and financial instruments.

The Group's risk management policies are summarized below:

Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to its long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Group's policy is to manage its interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate debt.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's income before income tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings) for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting income.

Increase/Decrease in Basis Points	Effect on Net Income before Tax	
	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
+100	(\$21)	(\$18)
-100	21	18

The following table shows the information about the Group's debt as of September 30, 2020 and 2019 that are exposed to interest rate risk presented by maturity profile:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
Within one year	\$2,211	\$1,167
One to five years	586	1,239
	\$2,797	\$1,571

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk relates primarily to its short-term and long-term obligations. The Group seeks to manage its liquidity profile to be able to finance its capital expenditures and operations. The Group maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed sufficient to finance its operations. As part of its liquidity risk management, the Group regularly evaluates its projected and actual cash flows. To cover financing requirements, the Group intends to use internally-generated funds and loan facilities with local and foreign banks. Surplus funds are placed with reputable banks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Group's counterparties to its financial assets will fail to discharge their contractual obligations. The Group's major credit risk exposure relates primarily to its holdings of cash and cash equivalents, and receivables from customers and other third parties. Credit risk management involves dealing with institutions for which credit limits have been established. The treasury policy sets credit limits for each counterparty. The Group trades only with recognized, creditworthy third parties. The Group has a well-defined credit policy and established credit procedures. The Group extends credit to its customers consistent with sound credit practices and industry standards. The Group deals only with reputable, competent and reliable customers who pass the Group's credit standards. The credit evaluation reflects the customer's overall credit strength based on key financial and credit characteristics such as financial stability, operations, focus market and trade references. All customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 is the carrying amounts of the financial assets. The Group's maximum exposure for cash and cash equivalents excludes the carrying amount of cash on hand.

The Group has 23% and 25% of trade receivables relating to three major customers as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the aging analysis of trade receivables follows:

	Total	Neither past due nor impaired	Past due but not impaired					Specifically impaired
			<30 days	30-60 days	60-90 days	90-120 days	>120 days	
September 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	\$241,187	\$203,721	\$23,603	\$4,753	\$943	\$1,535	\$5,363	\$1,269
December 31, 2019 (Audited)	\$284,594	\$243,322	\$20,071	\$6,174	\$4,368	\$449	\$9,158	\$1,052

Foreign Currency Risk

The Group's foreign exchange risk results primarily from movements of the functional currency of each legal entity against other currencies. As a result of significant transactions denominated in RMB, PHP and EUR the consolidated statements of income can be affected significantly by movements in the USD versus these currencies. In 2020 and 2019, the Group entered into currency forward contracts to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations.

The Group manages its foreign exchange exposure risk by matching, as far as possible, receipts and payments in each individual currency. Foreign currency is converted into the relevant domestic currency as and when the management deems necessary. The unhedged exposure is reviewed and monitored closely on an ongoing basis and management will consider hedging any material exposure where appropriate.

Information on the Group's foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities and their USD equivalent follows: (In Thousands)

Philippine Peso (P)

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)		Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)	
	In USD	In PHP	In USD	In PHP
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,838	P89,151	\$1,007	P50,984
Receivables	2,186	106,004	904	45,762
Miscellaneous deposits	712	34,510	681	34,510
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(19,009)	(921,815)	(12,508)	(633,366)
Net retirement liabilities	(7,034)	(341,136)	(7,550)	(382,284)
Net foreign currency-denominated liabilities	(\$21,307)	(P1,033,286)	(\$17,466)	(P884,394)

Euro (€)

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)		Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)	
	In USD	In EUR	In USD	In EUR
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,650	€2,260	\$2,919	€2,622
Receivables	11,245	9,589	10,342	9,289
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(11,325)	(9,658)	(9,089)	(8,164)
Net foreign currency-denominated assets	\$2,570	€2,191	\$4,172	€3,747

Renminbi (RMB)

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)		Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)	
	In USD	In RMB	In USD	In RMB
Cash and cash equivalents	\$27,540	RMB187,554	\$12,455	RMB87,035
Receivables	47,074	320,579	57,840	404,193
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(35,977)	(245,006)	(44,576)	(311,500)
Net foreign currency-denominated assets	\$38,637	RMB263,127	\$25,719	RMB179,728

Information on the Group's USD-denominated monetary assets and liabilities of the Parent Company's subsidiaries with functional currencies other than USD and which is also affected by movements of USD compared with their respective functional currencies as at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 follows:

	Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)			
	In USD	In EUR*	In RMB*	In GBP*
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,998	€1,033	RMB1	£612
Receivables	5,078	304	213	3,657
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(21,483)	(9,908)	(11,770)	(6,344)
Net foreign currency-denominated assets	(\$14,407)	(€8,571)	(RMB11,556)	(£2,075)

*The USD-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated using EUR0.85281 for \$1, RMB6,8101 for \$1 and GBP0.77954 for \$1.

	December 31, 2019 (Audited)			
	In USD	In EUR*	In RMB*	In GBP*
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,592	€1,044	RMB1	£1,097
Receivables	13,764	3,195	360	7,786
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(27,643)	(12,979)	(31,649)	(6,644)
Net foreign currency-denominated assets	(\$11,287)	(€8,740)	(RMB31,288)	£2,239

*The USD-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated using EUR0.8982 for \$1, RMB6.9881 for \$1 and GBP0.7667 for \$1.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the USD exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's income before income tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities) as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The reasonably possible change was computed based on one year average historical movement of exchange rates between the USD and other currencies.

There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting income. The increase in USD rate as against other currencies demonstrates weaker functional currency while the decrease represents stronger USD value.

Currency	Increase/Decrease in USD Rate	Effect on Net Income before Tax	
		Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Sep 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
PHP	+1%	\$260	\$152
	-1%	(260)	(152)
EUR	+1%	(38)	(1)
	-1%	38	1
RMB	+1%	(366)	(437)
	-1%	366	437

23. Contingencies

The Group has various contingent liabilities arising in the ordinary conduct of business which are either pending decision by the courts or being contested. The outcome of these cases is not presently determinable.

The Group's expanding global activities, while continuing to present a myriad of growth opportunities, also tend to increase its exposure to potential disputes with customers and suppliers. Such exposure could, in turn, directly or indirectly, affect the Group's ability to realize its short and long-term target revenues and operating margins from its services as well as adversely impact its net assets, financial position and results of operations. In this connection, the Group is currently involved in an ongoing arbitration proceeding arising from a contractual dispute with its customer.

In the opinion of management and its legal counsel, the eventual liability under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material or adverse effect on the Group's financial position and results of operations. The information usually required by PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, is not disclosed on the ground that it can be expected to prejudice the outcome of these lawsuits, claims and assessments.

24. Notes to Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

The following table shows the reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

	Cash Flows			Non-cash changes					Sep 30, 2020 (Unaudited)
	Dec 31, 2019 (Audited)	Availment	Settlement/ Repayment	Reclass	Addition	Declaration	Accretion of interest expense	Foreign currency translation	
Loans and trust receipts payable	\$126,052	\$91,916	(\$1,183)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	1,428	\$218,213
Current portion of long-term debt	28,038	-	(27,957)	1,851	-	-	-	116	2,048
Long-term debt	114,386	-	(80,005)	(1,851)	-	-	-	233	32,763
Lease liabilities	33,798	-	(7,328)	-	7,087	-	1,263	(740)	34,080
Other noncurrent liabilities	3,623	1,342	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,965
	\$305,897	\$93,258	(\$117,012)	\$-	\$7,087	\$-	\$1,263	\$1,037	\$292,069

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations

	For the nine months ended 30 September	
	2020	2019
	<i>(in US\$ thousands, except Basic EPS)</i>	
Revenues from Sales and Services	\$788,619	\$939,573
Cost of Goods Sold and Services	727,899	860,481
Gross Profit	60,720	79,092
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company	(11,893)	450
EBITDA ⁱ	34,393	34,029
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share (EPS)	(\$0.007)	\$0.0002

Revenues from Sales and Services

The Company booked US\$312 million of revenue in the 3rd quarter of 2020 as operations normalized across all manufacturing facilities. IMI achieved 42% quarter-on-quarter growth, exceeding pre-pandemic revenue levels with a 3% improvement versus Q3 2019. Year to date September revenue reached US\$789 million, lower year-on-year by 16%.

IMI's wholly owned businesses improved to US\$239 million of revenue in Q3, a 30% increase from the first half average. As US-China trade tensions slowed down the strong performance of the telecom sector in the first half, the return of automotive and industrial demand compensated for the decline. The company also continues to gain business in the medical sector as demand for healthcare solutions rises.

Via Optronics and STI, Ltd. continue their strong performance with US\$74 million of combined revenues in the 3rd quarter, a further 35% improvement from the first half average. The subsidiaries are buoyed by demand from segments that establish support for the new normal: consumer mobile devices for study-from-home and work-from-home arrangements, along with ventilators and other medical products as countries continue the fight against COVID-19.

ⁱ EBITDA = EBITDA represents income before income tax after adding back depreciation and amortization, interest expense and other non-recurring items. EBITDA and EBITDA Margin are not measures of performance under PFRS and investors should not consider EBITDA, EBITDA Margin or EBIT in isolation or as alternatives to net income as an indicator of our operating performance or to cash flows, or any other measure of performance under PFRS. Because there are various EBITDA calculation methods, our presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

The Covid-19 situation resulting to plant shutdowns during the first half led to challenged gross profit. As operations recovered in Q3, increased utilization of fixed overhead and improved manufacturing efficiency led to a significant expansion in gross profit margin from 6.4% in the first half to 9.7% in Q3. Year-to-date September gross profit reached \$60.7 million or 7.7% margin.

Net Income Attributable to Parent

With target segments automotive, industrial, aerospace, and medical leading the company's rebound, IMI closed the quarter strongly with US\$9.6 million of net income. This narrowed the net loss from (\$21.5 million) in the first half to (US\$11.9 million) as of September 30, 2020.

Financial Condition

IMI's balance sheet remains strong with current ratio of 1.55:1 and debt-to-equity ratio of 0.44:1. The Company ended with a cash balance of \$265.2 million mainly from the net proceeds from subsidiary's public offering, improvement in accounts receivable and reduced capital expenditures.

For the nine months of 2020, the Company spent \$11.9M of capital expenditures related to new programs and maintenance capex.

Key Performance Indicators of the Company

The table below sets forth the comparative performance indicators of the Company:

Performance indicators	As of end	
	Sep 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2019
Liquidity:		
Current ratio ^a	1.55x	1.49x
Solvency:		
Debt-to-equity ratio ^b	0.44x	0.55x
	For the nine months ended 30 Sep	
	2020	2019
Operating efficiency:		
Revenue growth ^c	-16%	-7%
Profitability:		
Gross profit margin ^d	7.7%	8.4%
Net income margin ^e	-1.5%	0.05%
Return on equity ^f	-3.0%	0.11%
Return on assets ^h	-1.0%	0.04%
ⁱⁱ EBITDA margin	4.4%	3.6%

ⁱⁱ *EBITDA Margin = EBITDA divided by revenues from sales and services where EBITDA represents net operating income after adding depreciation and amortization (including amortization of right-of-use assets in accordance with PFRS 16, Leases), interest income and foreign exchange gains/losses. EBITDA and EBITDA Margin are not measures of performance under PFRS and investors should not consider EBITDA, EBITDA Margin or EBIT in isolation or as alternatives to net income as an indicator of our operating performance or to cash flows, or any other measure of performance under PFRS. Because there are various EBITDA calculation methods, our presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.*

^a Current assets/current liabilities

^b Bank debts/Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company

^c (Current year less previous year revenue)/Previous year revenue

^d Gross profit/Revenues

^e Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company/Revenues

^f Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company/Average equity attributable to Parent

^g Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company/Average common equity attributable to Parent

^h Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company/Total Assets

In the above:

- (i) The risk of recurrence of further pandemic related shutdowns after the reporting period may cause uncertainties that may impact the Company's liquidity. The Company is continuously monitoring its liquidity and solvency position.
- (ii) There were no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- (iii) Likewise, there were no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- (iv) The effects of potential recurrence of pandemic related shutdowns after the reporting period may pose risks and unfavorable impact to the Company but will not materially affect the Company's ability to continue as going concern.
- (v) There were no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from continuing operations.
- (vi) There are no seasonal aspects that may have a material effect on the financial condition of the Company.

Causes for any material changes

(Increase or decrease of 5% or more in the financial statements)

Income Statement Items

(Three months ended 30 September 2020 versus 30 September 2019)

16% decrease in Revenues (\$939.6M to \$778.6M)

Driven by government mandated lockdowns in China, Philippines and Mexico, and voluntary suspension of regular operations in Bulgaria and Czech in line with automotive demand slowdown during the first half of the year.

15% decrease in Cost of Goods Sold and Services (\$860.5M to \$727.9M)

Lower direct costs relevant to the decline in revenues coupled by various cost reduction initiatives implemented on fixed overhead mainly lower people costs and supplies and materials. Cost of sales also reduced by support from various governments mainly social insurance refund, wage support schemes, and other subsidies related to Covid-19 and US-China trade war amounting to \$3.12 million.

5% decrease in Operating expenses (\$74.4M to \$70.5M)

Operating expenses improved by 5% from cost improvement initiatives across the group mainly reduction in people costs, professional fees and travel and transportation. Operating expenses also reduced by support from various governments mainly social insurance refund, wage support schemes, and other subsidies related to Covid-19 and US-China trade war amounting to \$0.69 million.

24% decrease in Interest and bank charges (\$10.2M to \$7.8M)

Due to lower balance of loans. Total loans (ST and LT) in September 2019 was \$260 million compared to \$253.0 million balance as of September 2020.

145% decrease in Forex losses (-\$3.1M to +\$1.4M)

FX gains in 2020 mainly from appreciation of EUR and RMB

54% increase in Miscellaneous income (\$3.8M to \$5.8M)

In 2020, MTM gains on put options +\$8.0M were offset by impairment losses of -\$5.9M. Other income also includes government incentives related to economic, technological and industrial development and Covid-related subsidies amounting to \$3.48 million. Last year includes reversal of contingent liability of STI (+\$3.7M) and MTM gain on put options (+\$3.6M) offset by provision for non-recurring deferred expenses of \$5.2 million.

Balance Sheet items

(30 September 2020 versus 31 December 2019)

74% increase in Cash and cash equivalents (\$152.7M to \$265.2M)

Increase mainly from net proceeds from subsidiary's public offering as well as improvements in receivables and reduced capex expenditures.

16% decrease in Loans and receivables (\$290.6M to \$2243.5M)

Decrease in receivables mainly from collections of outstanding trade receivables.

6% decrease in Contract Assets (\$58.9M to \$55.6M)

Recovery of backlogs reduced work-in process and finished goods inventories.

71% increase in Other Current Assets (\$19.1M to \$32.7M)

Increase mainly due to unpaid subscriptions receivable related to VIA's private placement with Corning.

10% decrease in Goodwill (\$140.8 to \$126.5M)

Decrease mainly due to allocation of goodwill of VIA to non-controlling interest as a result of the IPO

22% decrease in Intangible assets (\$28.6 to \$22.2M)

Decrease was mainly due to impairment losses recognized during the year.

6% decrease in Accounts payable and accrued expenses (\$267.0M to \$252.2M)

Mainly from payment of outstanding trade payables.

58% decrease in Contract liabilities (\$4.7M to \$2.0M)

Decrease in advance payments received to render manufacturing services.

73% increase in Loans and trust receipts payable (\$126.1M to \$218.2M)

Refinancing of long-term to short term loans.

93% decrease in Current portion of long-term debt (\$28.0M to \$2.0M)

Repayment of \$28.0 million and subsequently refinanced to short-term loans

71% decrease in Noncurrent portion of long-term debt (\$114.3M to \$32.8M)

Repayment of \$80 million and subsequently refinanced to short-term loans

100% decrease in Other financial liabilities (\$22.4M to \$0.02M)

Mainly reduction in the value of STI and termination of VIA's put options.

151% increase in Deferred tax liabilities (\$1.9M to \$4.7M)

Deferred tax recognized on unrealized forex gains, contract asset, and reversal of DTA.

23% Increase in Additional Paid-in Capital (\$146.2M to \$179.2M)

Termination of VIA put reverted to equity (\$15M) and dilution of ownership without loss of control recognized in equity (\$18M).

60% decrease in Negative cumulative translation adjustments (-\$17.7M to -\$7.0M)

Arising from translation of management accounts in Europe denominated in their respective local currencies to the Parent Company's functional currency. The significant movement is due to depreciation of EUR against USD from 1.11 to 1.17, GBP against USD from 1.30 to 1.28.

EXHIBIT 1
FINANCIAL RATIOS
For the Period Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 and December 31, 2019

Ratios	Formula	Sep 30, 2020	Sep 30, 2019	Dec 31, 2019
(i) Current ratio	Current assets / Current Liabilities	1.55	1.44	1.49
(ii) Quick / Acid ratio	Current assets less inventories, contract assets and other current assets/Current liabilities	1.05	0.86	0.98
(iii) Solvency ratio	Total Assets / Total Liabilities	2.02	1.74	1.79
(iv) Debt ratio	Total Debt / Total Assets	0.22	0.25	0.24
(v) Debt-to-Equity ratio	Bank debts (loans and trust receipts payable and long-term debt) / Total Equity	0.44	0.58	0.55
(vi) Assets-to-Equity ratio	Total Assets / Total Equity	1.98	2.35	
(vii) Interest rate coverage ratio	Earnings before interest and taxes / Interest Expense	-0.33	0.53	
(viii) Profitability ratios				
GP margin	Gross Profit / Revenues	7.7%	8.4%	
Net profit margin	Net Income after Tax / Revenues	-1.51%	0.0%	
EBITDA margin	EBITDA / Revenues	4.4%	3.6%	
Return on assets	Net Income after Tax / Total Asset	-1.05%	0.04%	
Return on equity	Net Income after Tax / Average equity attributable to parent	-3.00%	0.11%	

	(in US\$'000)		
	Sep 30, 2020	Sep 30, 2019	Dec 31, 2019
Current Assets	749,392	638,293	673,947
Current Liabilities	482,291	444,448	453,790
Total Assets	1,135,111	1,051,446	1,096,336
Bank Debts	253,024	260,520	268,475
Total Liabilities	562,682	604,457	612,557
Total Equity	572,429	446,989	483,779
Average equity Attributable to parent	396,669	393,461	392,796
Revenues	788,619	939,573	
Gross Profit	60,720	79,092	
Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent	(11,893)	450	
Earnings before interest and taxes	(2,545)	5,409	
Interest expense	7,766	10,227	
EBITDA	34,393	34,029	

PART II--OTHER INFORMATION

1. At the Regular Annual Stockholders' meeting held on April 15, 2020 the stockholders considered and approved the following:

- Election of the following Board of Directors for the ensuing year:

Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala
Fernando Zobel de Ayala
Delfin L. Lazaro
Arthur R. Tan
Jose Teodoro K. Limcaoco
Gilles Bernard
Rafael Ma. C. Romualdez
Jose Ignacio A. Carlos
Sherisa P. Nuesa (Independent Director)
Diosdado P. Banatao (Independent Director)
Edgar O. Chua (Independent Director)

- Appointment of Sycip, Gorres, Velayo & Co. as the external auditors of the Company for the ensuing year.

2. In the Organizational meeting held immediately after the Regular Annual Stockholders' meeting, the Board of Directors elected the following:

- Board Committees and Memberships:

Executive Committee

Arthur R. Tan - Chairman
Rafael Ma. C. Romualdez – Vice Chairman
Jose Teodoro K. Limcaoco – Member

Audit and Risk Committee

Edgar O. Chua – Chairman (Independent Director)
Rafael Ma. C. Romualdez - Member
Hiroshi Nishimura – Member (Independent Director)*

Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee

Sherisa P. Nuesa – Chairman (Independent Director)
Hiroshi Nishimura – Member (Independent Director)*
Edgar O. Chua – Member (Independent Director)

Compensation Committee

Sherisa P. Nuesa – Chairman (Independent Director)
Jose Teodoro K. Limcaoco – Member
Jose Ignacio A. Carlos – Member

Finance Committee

Delfin L. Lazaro – Chairman
Jose Teodoro K. Limcaoco – Member
Rafael Ma. C. Romualdez – Member

Proxy Validation Committee

Solomon M. Hermosura – Chairman
Jaime G. Sanchez – Member
Neilson C. Esguerra – Member

Related Party Transaction Committee

Hiroshi Nishimura – Chairman (Independent Director)*

Rafael Ma. C. Romualdez – Member

Edgar O. Chua – Member (Independent Director)

Jose Teodoro K. Limcaoco – Member

• Officers:

Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala	- Chairman of the Board
Arthur R. Tan	- President and Chief Executive Officer
Eric De Candido	- Chief Operations Officer (effective January 1, 2020)
Jerome S. Tan	- Global Chief Finance Officer/ICT and Treasurer
Mary Ann S. Natividad	- Chief Commercial Officer (effective January 1, 2020)
Rosalyn O. Tesoro	- Data Protection Officer (effective August 12, 2020)
Laurice S. Dela Cruz	- Global Head, Financial Planning and Analysis, and Compliance Officer
Solomon M. Hermosura	- Corporate Secretary
Joanne M. Lim	- Assistant Corporate Secretary

**Update as a result of BOD Meeting on June 17, 2020.*

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant **INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC.**

By:



LAURICE S. DELA CRUZ
Compliance Officer

Date: November 11, 2020



ANTHONY RAYMOND P. RODRIGUEZ
Investor Relations Officer

Date: November 11, 2020