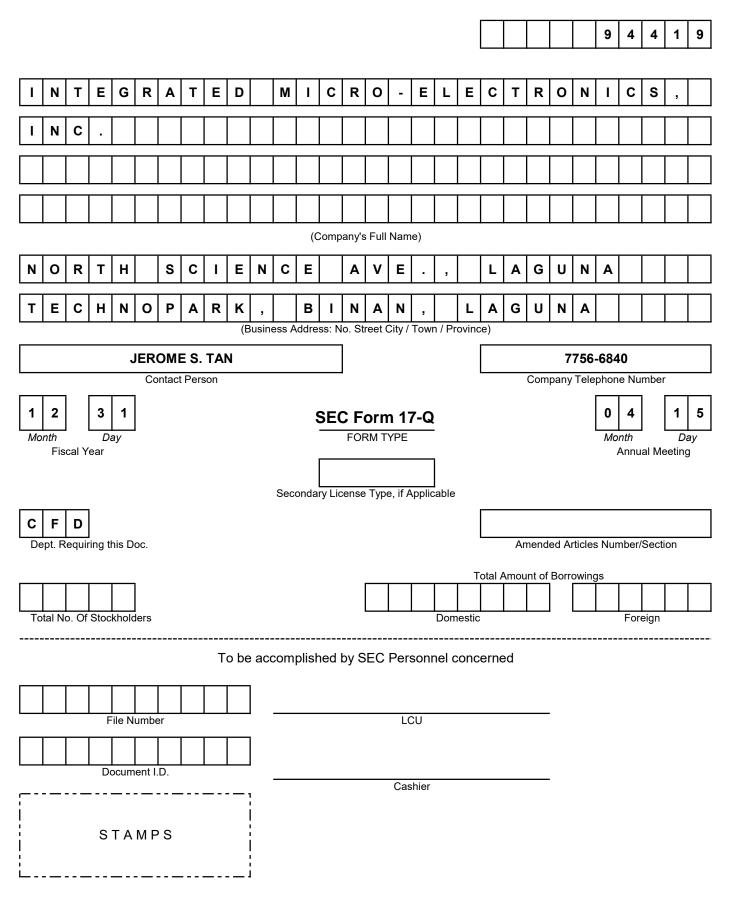
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

- 1. For the quarterly period ended: March 31, 2022
- 2. Commission Identification No.: 94419
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: 000-409-747-000

4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter: **INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS**, **INC.**

- 5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: PHILIPPINES
- 6. Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
- 7. Address of issuer's principal office: North Science Avenue, Laguna Technopark-Special Processing Zone (LT-SEZ), Bo. Biñan, Biñan, Laguna Postal Code: **4024**
- 8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (632) 756-6840
- 9. Former name, former address and former fiscal year: Not applicable
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA:

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding
Common *	2,217,293,215

* Net of 15,892,224 treasury shares;

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange? Yes [x] No []

2,217,293,215 common shares are listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange, including 15,892,224 treasury shares as of March 31, 2022.

- 12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
 - (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports): Yes [x] No []
 - (b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days: Yes [x] No []

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF MARCH 31, 2022

(With Comparative Audited Figures as of December 31, 2021) (In thousands)

	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$157,282	\$159,788
Receivables – net (Note 5)	277,827	279,042
Contract assets (Note 6)	49,529	52,481
Inventories (Note 7)	270,741	238,589
Other current assets (Note 8)	20,238	22,425
Total Current Assets	775,617	752,325
Noncurrent Assets		
Property, plant and equipment - net (Note 9)	153,797	161,967
Goodwill (Note 17)	143,079	145,434
Intangible assets - net (Note 10)	9,598	10,927
Right-of-use assets (Note 19)	25,707	28,458
Deferred tax assets	2,708	2,934
Financial assets at FVOCI	1,538	1,365
Other noncurrent assets (Note 11)	19,352	19,765
Total Noncurrent Assets	355,779	370,850
	\$1,131,396	\$1,123,175
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 12)	\$301,438	\$289,418
Contract liabilities (Note 6)	4,259	4,741
Loans payable (Note 13)	178,443	165,772
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 14)	2,719	1,805
Current portion of lease liabilities (Note 18)	6,669	8,418
Income tax payable	2,527	2,410
Total Current Liabilities	496,055	472,564
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Noncurrent portion of:		
Long-term debt (Note 14)	148,011	149,679
Lease liabilities (Note 18)	21,023	22,802
Net retirement liabilities	9,655	10,311
Deferred tax liabilities	1,091	1,058
Other noncurrent liabilities	4,621	5,047
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	184,401	188,897
Total Liabilities	680,456	661,461
	, -,	- ,

(Forward)

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
EQUITY (Note 15)		
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company		
Capital stock - common	\$42,710	\$42,706
Subscribed capital stock	702	709
Additional paid-in capital	193,795	193,831
Subscriptions receivable	(2,636)	(2,702)
Unappropriated retained earnings	199,591	201,560
Treasury stock	(1,013)	(1,013)
Other components of equity	(362)	(555)
Cumulative translation adjustment	(28,192)	(19,865)
Remeasurement losses on defined benefit plans	(10,072)	(10,072)
	394,523	404,599
Equity Attributable to Non-controlling Interests in		
Consolidated Subsidiaries	56,417	57,114
Total Equity	450,940	461,713
	\$1,131,396	\$1,123,175

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In thousands, except Earnings per Share)

	Unaudited 2022 Jan to Mar	Unaudited 2021 Jan to Mar
REVENUES FROM CONTRACTS WITH		
CUSTOMERS (Note 17)	\$333,952	\$327,544
COST OF SALES	312,303	298,638
GROSS PROFIT	21,649	28,906
OPERATING EXPENSES	(24,096)	(25,406)
OTHERS - Net		
Interest and bank charges	(3,268)	(2,324)
Foreign exchange gains	1,291	1,243
Interest income	110	38
Miscellaneous income (expense) - net	1,350	(297)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	(2,964)	2,160
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	(1,420)	(1,179)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(\$4,384)	\$981
Not Income (Leon) Attributeble to		
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company	(\$1,969)	\$2,193
Non-controlling interests	(\$1,909) (2,415)	(1,212)
	(\$4,384)	\$981
		T
Earnings (Loss) Per Share:		
Basic and diluted (Note 16)	(\$0.0010)	\$0.0010

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In thousands)

	Unaudited 2022 Jan to Mar	
NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	(\$4,384)	\$981
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		
Other comprehensive income (loss) to be reclassified		
to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations	(6,609)	(12,151)
Other comprehensive income (loss) not to be reclassified	(0,003)	(12,131)
into profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Fair value changes on financial assets at FVOCI -		
net of tax	193	103
	(6,416)	(12,048)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(\$10,800)	(\$11,067)
Total Comprehensive Loss Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Parent Company	(\$10,103)	(\$10,599)
Non-controlling interests	(697)	(468)
	(\$10,800)	(\$11,067)

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In thousands)

				Attributable	to Equity Holder	s of the Paren	t Company					
	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)										-	
	Capital Stock- Common	Subscribed Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscriptions Receivable	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Other Components of Equity	Translation	defined benefit		Attributable to Non-controlling Interests (Note 15)	Total
Balances at January 1, 2022	\$42,706	\$709	\$193,831	(\$2,702)	\$201,560	(\$1,013)	(\$555)	(\$19,865)	(\$10,072)	\$404,599	\$57,114	\$461,713
Issued shares during the year	4	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Collection from subscriptions	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	27
Forfeitures during the year	-	(3)	(36)	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	42,710	702	193,795	(2,636)	201,560	(1,013)	(555)	(19,865)	(10,072)	404,626	57,114	461,740
Net loss Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(1,969)	-	_	-	-	(1,969)	(2,414)	(4,383)
(loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	193	(8,327)	-	(8,134)	1,717	(6,417)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	_	(1,969)	_	193	(8,327)	_	(10,103)	(697)	(10,800)
Balances at March 31, 2022	\$42,710	\$702	\$193,795	(\$2,636)	\$199,591	(\$1,013)	(\$362)	(\$28,192)	(\$10,072)	\$394,523	\$56,417	\$450,940

				Att	ributable to Equit	y Holders of t	he Parent Compan	у				
	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)											
	Capital Stock - Common	Subscribed Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscriptions Receivable	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Other Components of Equity	Translation	losses on defined benefit	Attributable to A Equity Holders N of the Parent Company		Total
Balances at January 1, 2021	\$42,675	\$745	\$193,870	(\$2,889)	\$215,794	(\$1,013)	(\$875)	\$9,138	(\$9,750)	\$447,695	\$133,168	\$580,863
Issued shares during the year	27	(27)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refund on subscriptions	-	-	-	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	(4)	-	(4)
Forfeitures during the year	-	(4)	(35)	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends (Note 15)	-	-	-	-	(1,520)	-	-	-	-	(1,520)	-	(1,520)
	42,702	714	193,835	(2,854)	214,274	(1,013)	(875)	9,138	(9,750)	446,171	133,168	579,339
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	2,193	-	-	-	-	2,193	(1,212)	981
(loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	103	(12,895)	-	(12,792)	744	(12,048)
Total comprehensive income												<u> </u>
(loss)	-	-	-	-	2,193	-	103	(12,895)	-	(10,599)	(468)	(11,067)
Balances at March 31, 2021	\$42,702	\$714	\$193,835	(\$2,854)	\$216,467	(\$1,013)	(\$772)	(\$3,757)	(\$9,750)	\$435,572	\$132,700	\$568,272

				Attributable	to Equity Holde	rs of the Paren	t Company				_	
							Other Com	prehensive Inc	ome (Loss)			
	Capital Stock- Common	Subscribed Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Subscriptions Receivable	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Other Components of Equity	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	defined benefit		Attributable to Non-controlling Interests (Note 15)	Total
Balances at January 1, 2021	\$42,675	\$745	\$193,870	(\$2,889)	\$215,794	(\$1,013)	(\$875)	\$9,138	(\$9,750)	\$447,695	\$133,168	\$580,863
Issued shares during the year	31	(31)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Redemption of preferred shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(70,000)	(70,000)
Collection from subscriptions	-	-	-	143	-	-	-	-	-	143	-	143
Forfeitures during the year	-	(5)	(39)	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(3,669)	-	-	-	-	(3,669)	-	(3,669)
	42,706	709	193,831	(2,702)	212,125	(1,013)	(875)	9,138	(9,750)	444,169	63,168	507,337
Net loss Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(10,565)	-	-	-	-	(10,565)	(9,141)	(19,706)
(loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	320	(29,003)	(322)	(29,005)	3,087	(25,918)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	(10,565)	_	320	(29,003)	(322)	(39,570)	(6,054)	(45,624)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$42,706	\$709	\$193,831	(\$2,702)	\$201,560	(\$1,013)	(\$555)	(\$19,865)	(\$10,072)	\$404,599	\$57,114	\$461,713

Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Compar

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

	Three months ended	March 31
	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Income (loss) before income tax	(\$2,964)	\$2,160
Adjustments for:	(+=,0001)	ψ2,100
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	10,210	9,983
Interest expense	3,161	2,185
Amortization of right-of-use assets (Note 18)	2,500	2,701
Unrealized foreign exchange losses (gains)	(1,502)	(1,749)
Amortization of intangible assets (Note 10)	1,402	1,846
Gain on insurance claims	(407)	· –
Interest income	(110)	(38)
Gains on sale of property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	(94)	(81)
Mark-to-market gain on derivatives	46	(125)
Mark-to-market losses on put options (Note 15)	-	385
Operating income before working capital changes	12,242	17,267
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	,	,
Decrease (increase) in:		
Loans and receivables	(197)	(3,783)
Contract asset	2,480	(426)
Inventories	(33,079)	(23,358)
Other current assets	2,226	(630)
Increase (decrease) in:		()
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,039	20,356
Contract liabilities	(409)	1,623
Retirement liabilities	(709)	(454)
Net cash provided by (used in) operations	(5,407)	10,595
Income tax paid	(1,495)	(1,852)
Interest paid	(3,155)	(2,174)
Interest received	110	38
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(9,947)	6,607
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of:		
Property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	(3,239)	(8,975)
Intangible assets (Note 10)	(132)	(25)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	115	1,300
Decrease in other noncurrent assets	162	484
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,094)	(7,216)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payment of loans	(1,301)	(4,239)
	14,084	5,316
Availment of loans	(3,505)	(3,082)
Payments of lease liabilities	(3,303)	(/ /
Dividends paid to preference shareholders of a subsidiary (Note 15)	- 27	(1,520)
Refund on subscriptions	33	(3)
Increase (decrease) in other noncurrent liabilities Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(923)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	9,338	(4,451)
NET FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,197	2,972
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,506)	(2,088
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT JANUARY 1	159,788	244,356
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT MARCH 31	\$157,282	\$242,268

INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information and Basis of Financial Statement Preparation

Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc. (IMI or the Parent Company), a stock corporation organized and registered under the laws of the Republic of the Philippines on August 8, 1980, has four whollyowned subsidiaries, namely: IMI International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (IMI Singapore), IMI USA, Inc. (IMI USA), IMI Japan, Inc. (IMI Japan) and PSi Technologies, Inc. (PSi) (collectively referred to as the Group). The Parent Company is 52.03% owned by AC Industrial Technology Holdings, Inc. (AC Industrials), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ayala Corporation (AC), a corporation incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines and listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). AC is 47.87% owned by Mermac, Inc. (Ultimate Parent Company) and the rest by the public.

The registered office address of the Parent Company is at North Science Avenue, Laguna Technopark- Special Economic Zone (LT-SEZ), Bo. Biñan, Biñan, Laguna.

The Parent Company was listed by way of introduction in the PSE on January 21, 2010. It has completed its follow-on offering and listing of 215,000,000 common shares on December 5, 2014. On March 2, 2018, the Parent Company completed the stock rights offer and listing of 350,000,000 common shares to all eligible stockholders.

The Parent Company is registered with the Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) as an exporter of printed circuit board assemblies (PCBA), flip chip assemblies, electronic subassemblies, box build products and enclosure systems. It also provides the following solutions: product design and development, test and systems development, automation, advanced manufacturing engineering, and power module assembly, among others. It serves diversified markets that include those in the automotive, industrial, medical, storage device, and consumer electronics industries, and non-electronic products (including among others, automobiles, motorcycles, solar panels) or parts, components or materials of non-electronic products, as well as to perform and provide information technology services such as but not limited to data labeling/encoding or image annotation services.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for release by the Audit Committee on May 4, 2022.

2. Group Information

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and the following subsidiaries:

	Perc	entage of		
	O	wnership	Country of	
Subsidiary	2022	2021	Incorporation	Functional Currency
IMI International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	100.00%	100.00%	Singapore	United States Dollar (USD)
IMI International ROHQ	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	USD
Speedy-Tech Electronics Ltd. (STEL) Group	100.00%	100.00%	Singapore	USD
IMI (Chengdu) Ltd. (IMICD)	100.00%	100.00%	China	Renminbi (RMB)
IMI Technology (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd. (IMI SZ)	100.00%	100.00%	China	USD
IMI Smart Technology (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd. ^a	100.00%	100.00%	China	RMB
Speedy-Tech Electronics (HK) Limited (STHK) ^c	100.00%	100.00%	Hong Kong	USD
Speedy-Tech Electronics (Jiaxing)				
Co., Ltd. (STJX)	100.00%	100.00%	China	RMB
Speedy-Tech (Philippines), Inc. (STPH)	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	USD

	Percer	ntage of		
	Own	ership	Country of	
Subsidiary	2022	2021	Incorporation	Functional Currency
Cooperatief IMI Europe U.A.	100.00%	100.00%	Netherlands	Euro (EUR)
Integrated Micro-Electronics Bulgaria EOOD	100.00%	100.00%	Bulgaria	EUR
Microenergia EOOD (Microenergia)	100.00%	100.00%	Bulgaria	Bulgarian Lev (BGN)
Integrated Micro-Electronics d.o.o. Niš (IMI Serbia)	100.00%	100.00%	Serbia	Serbian Dinar (RSD)
Integrated Micro-Electronics Czech Republic s.r.o.	100.00%	100.00%	Czech Republic	EUR
Integrated Micro-Electronics Mexico, S.A.P.I. de C.V.	100.00%	100.00%	Mexico	USD
IMI France SAS (IMI France)	100.00%	100.00%	France	EUR
VIA Optronics AG (VIA) ^a	50.32%	50.32%	Germany	EUR
Germaneers GmbH ^b	100.00%	100.00%	Germany	EUR
VIA Optronics (Philippines), Inc. ^b	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	PHP
VIA Optronics GmbH (VIA)	100.00%	100.00%	Germany	USD
VIA Optronics Suzhou Co. Ltd. (VIA Suzhou)	100.00%	100.00%	China	USD
VIA Optronics LLC (VIA LLC)	100.00%	100.00%	USA	USD
VIA Optronics (Taiwan) Ltd	100.00%	100.00%	Taiwan	Taiwan Dollar
VTS-Touchsensor Co., Ltd. (VTS)	65.00%	65.00%	Japan	Japanese Yen (JPY)
Integrated Micro-Electronics UK Limited (IMI UK)	100.00%	100.00%	United Kingdom	British Pounds (GBP)
Surface Technology International Enterprises Ltd				
(STI)	80.00%	80.00%	United Kingdom	GBP
STI Limited	100.00%	100.00%	United Kingdom	GBP
STI Philippines Inc. (STIPH)	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	USD
STI Asia Ltd ^c	100.00%	100.00%	Hong Kong	Hong Kong Dollar (HKD)
STI Supplychain Ltd ^d	-		United Kingdom	GBP
ST Intercept Limited ^c	100.00%	100.00%	United Kingdom	GBP
IMI USA	100.00%	100.00%	USA	USD
IMI Japan	100.00%	100.00%	Japan	USD
PSi	100.00%	100.00%	Philippines	USD
PSiTech Realty, Inc. (PSiTech Realty) ^c	40.00%	40.00%	Philippines	USD
Pacsem Realty, Inc. (Pacsem Realty) $^{\circ}$	64.00%	64.00%	Philippines	USD

^a In 2020, IMI's ownership in VIA was diluted to 50.32% as a result of the initial public offering of VIA in the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE)

^b New entities of VIA in 2021

^c In the process of liquidation / Dormant ^d Dissolved in May 2021

Business Combinations

Acquisition of Germaneers GmbH ("Germaneers")

On May 21, 2021, VIA Optronics GmbH ("VIA") announced the acquisition of Germaneers GmbH ("Germaneers), a high-tech engineering company focusing on automotive system integration and user interfaces. Germaneers has provided solutions for a range of well-known high-end original equipment manufacturers (OEMs).

Germaneers is known for creating innovative and state-of-the-art digital car interiors to achieve the next level of customer experience through human machine interfaces (HMI), sensor and camera solutions.

The control concept according to PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, sets out three elements of control consisting of power over investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from involvement with the investee and the ability to use power over the investee to affect the amount of these returns. Based on assessment, VIA has control over VTS and needs to consolidate VTS in its consolidated financial statements.

The purchase price allocation for the acquisition of Germaneers has been prepared on a preliminary basis due to unavailability of certain information to facilitate fair valuation computation, and reasonable changes are expected as additional information becomes available. The provisional goodwill recognized on the acquisition can be attributed to its years of knowledge and experience of market requirements, system-level design, and innovative technologies in the automotive sector.

Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) 3, *Business Combinations*, provides that if the initial accounting for a business combination can be determined only provisionally by the end of the period in which the combination is effected because either the fair values to be assigned to the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities or contingent liabilities or the cost of the combination can be determined only provisionally, the acquirer shall account for the combination using those provisional values. The acquirer shall recognize any adjustments to those provisional values as a result of completing the initial accounting within twelve months of the acquisition date; and from the acquisition date (i) the carrying amount of the identifiable asset, liability or contingent liability that is recognized or adjusted as a result of completing the initial accounting shall be calculated as if its fair value at the acquisition date had been recognized from that date; (ii) goodwill or any gain recognized shall be adjusted from the acquisition date of the identifiable asset, liability being recognized or adjusted; and (iii) comparative information presented for the periods before the initial accounting for the combination is complete shall be presented as if the initial accounting had been completed from the acquisition date.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared using the historical cost basis, except for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) and financial assets through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in United States (U.S.) Dollar (\$), and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the three months periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 have been prepared in accordance with the Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34 (Amended), *Interim Financial Reporting*. Accordingly, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required in the annual audited consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, which have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Except as otherwise stated, the significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis of Consolidation

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- a. Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- b. Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and

c. The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- a. The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- b. Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- c. The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included or excluded in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control or until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Non-controlling interests pertain to the equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly to the Parent Company. Any equity instruments issued by a subsidiary that are not owned by the Parent Company are non-controlling interests including preferred shares and options under sharebased transactions. The portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not wholly-owned are presented separately in the consolidated statements of income, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of statements of financial position, separately from the Parent Company's equity. Non-controlling interests are net of any outstanding subscription receivable.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

In accounting for call and put options over non-controlling interests, management determines whether it has present access to the returns associated with the non-controlling interests. If the options give the Group access to the returns over the non-controlling interests, the Group consolidates the acquiree as if it acquired a 100% interest.

If the options do not give the Group present access to the returns over the non-controlling interests, the Group takes the view that the non-controlling interests should be accounted for in accordance with PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and must be presented within equity separate from the equity of the Parent Company, until the option is exercised.

The call option is accounted for under PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments,* as a derivative instrument carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial liability for the put option is accounted for under PFRS 9 like any other written put option on equity instruments. On initial recognition, the corresponding debit is made to a component of equity attributable to the parent, not to the non-controlling interest. All subsequent changes in the carrying amount of the financial liability that result from the remeasurement of the present value payable on exercise are recognized in profit or loss also attributable to the parent.

If the put option is exercised, the entity accounts for an increase in its ownership interest. At the same time, the entity derecognizes the financial liability and reverses the component of equity that was reduced on initial recognition. If the put option expires unexercised, the financial liability is reclassified to the same component of equity that was reduced on initial recognition.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Parent Company. The difference is included as part of additional paid-in capital.

If the Group losses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interest and other components of equity, while the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained is recognised at fair value.

Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial years except for the new PFRS, amended PFRS and improvements to PFRS which were adopted beginning January 1, 2022. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

• Amendments to PFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments are intended to replace a reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989, with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments added an exception to the recognition principle of PFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, or Philippine-IFRIC 21, *Levies*, if incurred separately.

At the same time, the amendments add a new paragraph to PFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and apply prospectively.

• Amendments to PAS 16, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit entities deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and must be applied retrospectively to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented when the entity first applies the amendment.

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group.

Amendments to PAS 37, Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The Group will apply these amendments to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle
 - Amendments to PFRS 1, *First-time Adoption of Philippines Financial Reporting Standards, Subsidiary as a first-time adopter*

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by the parent, based on the parent's date of transition to PFRS. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1.

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 with earlier adoption permitted. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group.

• Amendments to PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments, Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities*

The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment.

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 with earlier adoption permitted. The Group will apply the amendments to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group.

• Amendments to PAS 41, Agriculture, Taxation in fair value measurements

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of PAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring the fair value of assets within the scope of PAS 41.

The amendments are expected to have no impact on the Group.

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Group does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The Group intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2023

• Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify paragraphs 69 to 76 of PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and must be applied retrospectively. The Group is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects.

The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

The amendments are expected to have no impact on the Group.

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
	(In thous	· · ·
Cash on hand	\$65	\$56
Cash in banks	117,057	154,232
Cash equivalents	40,160	5,500
	\$157,282	\$159,788

Cash in banks earns interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Cash equivalents have maturities of varying periods of up to three months and earn interest at the respective cash equivalents rates.

5. Receivables - net

This account consists of:

	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thous	sands)
Trade	\$274,815	\$273,946
Nontrade	4,909	6,883
Receivable from insurance	1,470	1,079
Receivable from employees	453	472
Due from related parties (Note 20)	290	449
Others	678	957
	282,615	283,786
Less allowance for ECLs	4,788	4,744
	\$277,827	\$279,042

<u>Trade</u>

Trade receivables arise from manufacturing and other related services for electronic products and components and have credit terms averaging 70 days from invoice date.

Nontrade

Nontrade receivables represent billings to customers for production and test equipment and all other charges agreed with the customers in carrying out business operations. These receivables have credit terms averaging 45 days from invoice date.

Receivable from Insurance

Claims to damages to equipment and inventories caused by a fire incident in the Parent Company's plant in Cebu in 2009 amounting to \$1.08 million and which was fully impaired as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Receivable from Employees

Receivable from employees mostly pertain to non-interest bearing short-term loans granted to the Group's employees which are collectible through salary deduction.

Allowance for ECLs

Trade receivables, nontrade receivables, receivable from insurance and receivable from employees with aggregate nominal value of \$4.79 million and \$4.74 million as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, were individually assessed to be impaired and fully provided with allowance for ECL.

Provisions (reversals) for ECL recognized for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$0.03 million and (\$0.04) million, respectively. Reversals and provisions during the period form part of "Operating Expenses" account.

6. Contract Balances

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)		
	(In thousands)			
Contract assets	\$49,529	\$52,481		
Contract liabilities	4,259	4,741		

Contract assets are initially recognized for revenue earned from manufacturing of goods as receipt of consideration is conditional on successful completion of the services. When goods are shipped or goods are received by the customer, depending on the corresponding agreement with the customers, the amounts recognized as contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables. Payments are received from customers depending on the credit terms.

For the periods ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not recognize a provision for expected credit losses on contract assets.

Contract liabilities includes short-term advances received to render manufacturing services. The increase in contract liabilities was mainly due to increase in advance payments received from new and existing customers during the quarter.

The Group applied the practical expedient in PFRS 15 on the disclosure of information about the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations given the customer contracts have original expected duration of one year or less.

7. Inventories

Increase in inventories mainly due to backlogs linked to global component shortage.

Provisions for inventory obsolescence and allowance for decline in inventories, recognized for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$0.39 million and \$0.02 million, respectively.

8. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
	(In thous	· · · · ·
Prepayments and deferred charges	\$6,996	\$9,447
Advances to suppliers	5,494	6,329
Input taxes	4,739	4,765
Tax credits	2,376	1,669
Derivative assets	-	46
Others	633	169
	\$20,238	\$22,425

Prepayments and Deferred Charges

Prepayments include prepayments for rent, life and fire insurance and prepaid insurance for product liability and recall and directors and officers (D&O) liability insurance.

Advances to Suppliers

Advances to suppliers represent advance payments made to suppliers for direct materials.

Input Taxes

This account includes input tax expected to be applied against output tax within 12 months from the balance sheet date. Input tax is recognized when an entity in the Group purchases goods or services from a suppler or vendor.

Tax Credits

Tax credits represent recoverable taxes of IMI MX and BG such as VAT refundable and business tax and amounts withheld from income tax payments of the Parent Company and PSi.

9. Property, Plant and Equipment - net

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
	(In thous	sands)
Property, Plant and Equipment	\$348,413	\$370,796
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	192,158	206,371
Accumulated Impairment losses	2,458	2,458
Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	\$153,797	\$161,967

Additions to property, plant and equipment for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 amounted to \$3.24 million comprise mainly of purchases of machinery and equipment for further space utilization and line upgrades.

Depreciation expense amounted to \$10.21 million and \$9.98 million for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Group recognized gains from disposal and retirement of certain machineries and facilities equipment, furniture and fixtures, and tools and instruments for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 amounting to \$0.09 million and \$0.08 million, respectively.

10. Intangible Assets - net

	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thous	sands)
Intangible Assets	\$72,542	\$72,643
Less: Accumulated Amortization	58,362	57,134
Accumulated Impairment losses	4,582	4,582
Intangible Assets (Net)	\$9,598	\$10,927

Intangible assets consist of product development costs, intellectual properties, customer relationships, and software licenses.

Product development costs with a net book value of \$3.60 million and \$4.22 million as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, include capitalized costs arising from the development phase of certain projects which are still undergoing qualification. No additional costs were capitalized during the three-month period ended March 31, 2022.

The Group's intellectual properties relate to the acquisition of VIA and VTS. Net book value as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 amounted to \$2.19 million and \$2.58 million, respectively.

In 2018, the acquisition of VTS gave rise to identification and valuation of customer relationships that were not recognized as internally-developed intangible assets. The net book value of the customer relationships amounted to nil and \$0.13 million as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

Software licenses which include computer software, applications and modules has net book value of \$3.80 million and \$3.93 million as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. Additional licenses acquired for the year amounted to \$0.13 million.

Amortization for all intangibles amounted to \$1.40 million and \$1.85 million for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. No impairment loss was recognized for these intangible assets.

11. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
	(In thous	ands)
Deferred charges	\$15,347	\$15,722
Miscellaneous deposits	3,547	3,565
Pension asset – net	255	255
Others	203	223
	\$19,352	\$19,765

Deferred charges represent tooling items customized based on the specifications of the customers and to be repaid as part of the price of the manufactured items.

Miscellaneous deposits comprise utilities and rent deposits.

12. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

This account consists of:

	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thous	sands)
Trade payables	\$218,742	\$205,359
Accrued expenses	31,367	33,377
Employee-related accruals	25,323	26,818
Nontrade payables	19,737	17,979
Taxes and government-related payable	3,839	3,621
Accrued interest payable	1,172	1,531
Advances from customers	956	411
Customers' deposits	270	273
Due to related parties (Note 20)	32	49
	\$301,438	\$289,418

Trade Payables

Trade payables are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on 30 to 90-day average terms.

Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist mainly of accruals for taxes, supplies, professional fees, utilities, insurance, and freight and brokerage.

Employee-related Accruals

This account consists mainly accrued compensation and benefits including accrued salaries, leave credits and other employee benefits.

Nontrade Payables

This account consists of obligations related to outsourced manpower, logistics and freight forwarders, professional and service fees and other nontrade related payables. These payables are normally settled on 30 to 60-day terms.

Taxes and government-related payable

Taxes payable pertain to taxes due other than corporate income tax and remittances related to government agencies such as social security and insurance, housing fund and health insurance.

Advances from Customers

Advances from customers include financial liabilities pertaining to commercial agreements with certain customers of VIA.

Customers deposits

Customer deposits pertain to advance payment from customers as manufacturing bond.

13. Loans Payable

This account consists of borrowings of the following entities:

	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thous	sands)
Parent Company	\$97,500	\$96,700
STEL	30,800	22,100
VIA and STI	45,976	43,550
CZ	4,167	3,422
	\$178,443	\$165,772

Parent Company

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Parent Company has unsecured short-term loans aggregating to \$97.50 million and \$96.70 million, respectively, with maturities ranging from 30 to 91 days, and fixed annual interest rates ranging from 1.93% to 2.02% in 2022 and 1.44% to 2.00% in 2021.

STEL

The loans of STEL are from existing revolving credit facilities with Singapore-based banks and bear annual interest rate ranging from 3.11% to 3.35% in 2022 and 3.02% to 3.10% in 2021.

VIA and STI

The loans of VIA and STI were obtained from China, Germany and UK-based banks with terms ranging from 90 to 365 days and interest rates ranging from 1.67% to 4.0% in 2022 and 2021.

<u>CZ</u>

The loans of IMI CZ are clean loans from existing revolving credit facilities with Czech-based bank which bear annual interest based on 1-month EURIBOR plus 0.9%.

14. Long-Term Debt

This account consists of borrowings of the following entities:

	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(In thous	sands)
Parent Company	\$148,430	\$148,716
VTS and IMI CZ	2,300	2,768
	150,730	151,484
Less current portion:		
Parent Company	1,500	300
VTS and IMI CZ	1,219	1,505
	2,719	1,805
Noncurrent portion	\$148,011	\$149,679

Parent Company

The long-term debts of the Parent Company aggregating to \$149.70 million as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were obtained from Singapore-based and local banks with terms of three to five years, with principal defined principal payments payable annually, and remaining balance payable in full at maturity. These are subject to annual interest rate ranging from 3.45% to 3.8%.

Loan covenants related to the Parent Company's loans as of March 31, 2022 are as follows:

- The ratio of net debt to equity shall not exceed 1.75:1 with reference to the borrower's consolidated financial statements;
- Maintenance of debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.25:1 on the consolidated financial statements;
- Maintenance at all times of a current ratio of at least 1:1 on the consolidated financial statements;

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Parent Company has complied with all of the above-mentioned loan covenants.

VTS and IMI CZ

VTS and IMI CZ have unsecured long-term loans with Japanese and Czech-based banks that are payable in regular monthly installments both with terms of five years. The VTS loan has interest rate of 1.67% while the CZ loan bears interest based on 1-month EURIBOR plus 0.9% but is not to exceed 15% per annum.

15. Equity

<u>Dividends</u>

2021

IMI Singapore paid dividends on the redeemable cumulative preferred stocks (RCPS) to AC Industrials (Singapore) Pte, Ltd. (ACI Singapore) amounting to \$1.52 million on March 2021. In August 2021, IMI SG redeemed in full the remaining RCPS from ACI SG and paid the accrued dividends amounting to \$2.15 million as of redemption date. No dividend payment was declared to common shareholders.

Cumulative Translation Adjustments

This account pertains to cumulative translation adjustments of subsidiaries with functional currency other than the Group's presentation currency (see Note 2). Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations for the period March 31, 2022 arose mainly from depreciation of the Euro against the USD.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies and processes during the period ended March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio of debt-to-equity and net debt-to-equity. The Group considers bank borrowings in the determination of debt, which consist of trust receipts and loans payable and long-term bank debt. Net debt is equivalent to the total bank borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents.

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
	(In thous	ands)
Trust receipts and loans payable	\$178,443	\$165,772
Long-term bank borrowings	150,730	151,484
Total bank debt	329,173	317,256
Less cash and cash equivalents	157,282	159,788
Net bank debt	\$171,891	\$157,468
Total equity	450,940	461,713
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.73:1	0.69:1
Net debt-to-equity ratio	0.38:1	0.34:1

The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

16. Earnings per Share

The following table presents information necessary to calculate EPS on net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company:

	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2021		
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
	(In thousands)			
Net income (loss)	(\$1,969)	\$2,193		
Weighted average number of common				
shares outstanding	2,208,030	2,208,176		
Basic and diluted	(\$0.001)	\$0.0010		

As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Parent Company has no dilutive potential common shares.

17. Segment Information

Management monitors operating results per geographical area for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. It evaluates the segment performance based on gross revenue, interest income and expense and net income before and after tax of its major manufacturing sites. The Parent Company and PSi are combined under Philippine segment, STEL Group is categorized under China segment, IMI BG, IMI CZ and IMI Serbia are combined under Europe based on the industry segment and customers served, IMI Mexico is presented under Mexico segment, VIA and STI are combined under Germany/UK segment representing non-wholly owned subsidiaries, IMI USA, IMI Japan, IMI UK and IMI

Singapore/ROHQ are combined being the holding and support facilities for strategic management, research and development, engineering development and sales and marketing.

Prior period information is consistent with the current year basis of segmentation.

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries generally account for inter-segment revenue and transfers as if the revenue and transfers were to third parties at current market prices. These transactions are accounted for in accordance with PFRS.

Intersegment revenues, cost of sales, and operating expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

The amount of segment assets and liabilities are based on measurement principles that are similar with those used in measuring assets and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position which is in accordance with PFRS.

The following tables present revenue and profit information regarding the Group's geographical segments per legal entity's parent or main business location for the threemonth period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021:

						Singapore/	Consolidation and	
March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Philippines	China	Europe	Mexico	Germany/UK	USA/Japan	Eliminations	Total
Revenue:								
Third party	\$60,574	\$66,870	\$88,120	\$33,557	\$75,630	\$9,201	\$-	\$333,952
Intersegment	7,627	5,137	1,055	90	-	1,297	(15,206)	-
Total revenue	\$68,201	\$72,007	\$89,174	\$33,647	\$75,630	\$10,498	(\$15,206)	\$333,952
Segment interest income	\$246	\$283	\$126	\$-	\$23	\$1,083	(\$1,651)	\$110
Segment interest expense and bank charges	(\$2,149)	(\$497)	(\$289)	(\$335)	(\$1,079)	(\$242)	\$1,323	(\$3,268)
Segment profit (loss) before income tax	(\$367)	\$469	\$2,196	(\$419)	(\$7,185)	\$769	\$1,573	(\$2,964)
Segment provision for income tax	(494)	(487)	(334)	(9)	(72)	(7)	(17)	(1,420)
Segment profit (loss) after income tax	(\$861)	(\$18)	\$1,862	(\$428)	(\$7,257)	\$762	\$1,556	(\$4,384)
Net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of								
the Parent Company	(\$861)	(\$18)	\$1,862	(\$428)	(\$4,842)	\$762	\$1,556	(\$1,969)

March 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	Philippines	China	Europe	Mexico	Germany/UK	Singapore/ USA/Japan	Consolidation and Eliminations	Total
Revenue:								
Third party	\$56,019	\$57,869	\$86,892	\$37,064	\$73,034	\$16,666	\$-	\$327,544
Intersegment	17,343	9,242	1,601	215	-	1,624	(30,025)	-
Total revenue	\$73,362	\$67,111	\$88,493	\$37,279	\$73,034	\$18,290	(\$30,025)	\$327,544
Segment interest income	\$234	\$273	\$136	\$-	\$1	\$1,338	(\$1,944)	\$38
Segment interest expense and bank charges	(\$1,422)	(\$662)	(\$273)	(\$512)	(\$831)	(\$243)	\$1,618	(\$2,325)
Segment profit (loss) before income tax	(\$2,649)	\$1,552	\$6,713	\$997	(\$3,371)	\$557	(\$1,639)	\$2,160
Segment provision for income tax	(361)	(319)	(603)	19	55	(4)	34	(1,179)
Segment profit (loss) after income tax	(\$3,010)	\$1,233	\$6,110	\$1,016	(\$3,316)	\$553	(\$1,605)	\$981
Net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company	(\$3,010)	\$1,233	\$6,110	\$1,016	(\$2,255)	\$553	(\$1,454)	\$2,193

Intersegment revenues, cost of sales, and operating expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

The following table presents segment assets of the Group's geographical segments as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	Philippi	nes	China	Europe	Mexico	Germany/UK	USA/ Japan/ Singapore	Consoli- dation and Eliminations	Total
	Parent Company	PSi							
March 31,	Company	FUI							
2022 (Unaudited)	\$556,003	\$5,269	\$244,731	\$294,421	\$92,29	7 \$285,332	\$390,292	(\$736,949)	\$1,131,396
December 31, 2021 (Audited)	\$557,687	\$7,454	\$235,415	\$279,321	\$88,31	3 \$302,454	\$396,993	(\$744,462)	\$1,123,175

Investments in subsidiaries and intersegment receivables amounting to \$462.90 million and \$307.30 million as of March 31, 2022, respectively, and \$462.90 million and \$314.81 million as of December 31, 2021, respectively are eliminated in consolidation.

Goodwill acquired through business combinations recognized at consolidated level had been allocated to the following CGUs:

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
	(In thou	isands)
STI	\$56,992	\$58,642
VIA	46,258	46,955
STEL	38,225	38,225
Parent Company	1,098	1,098
IMI CZ	506	514
	\$143,079	\$145,434

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenues from contracts with customers are further disaggregated by type, customer's nationality, market segment and timing of revenue recognition, as management believes it best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

The following table presents revenue by type:

	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	(In	thousands)
Manufacturing of goods	\$332,399	\$327,091
Non-recurring engineering services	1,553	453
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$333,952	\$327,544

The following table presents revenue from contracts with customer per timing of revenue recognition for each reportable segments:

	March	March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)		
	Revenue	Revenue		
	recognized	recognized at		
	over time	point in time	Total	
		(In thousands)		
Philippines				
Parent Company	\$59,504	\$-	\$59,504	
PSi	1,070	_	1,070	
China	66,768	102	66,870	
Europe	87,716	404	88,120	
Mexico	32,510	1,047	33,557	
(Forward)				

	March	March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)			
	Revenue				
	recognized	recognized at			
	over time	point in time	Total		
Germany/UK	16,507	59,123	75,630		
USA/Japan/Singapore	-	9,201	9,201		
Revenue from contracts with					
customers	\$264,075	\$69,877	\$333,952		

	March 31, 2021 (Unaudited)			
	Revenue	Revenue		
	recognized	recognized at		
	over time	point in time	Total	
		(In thousands)		
Philippines				
Parent Company	\$51,866	\$–	\$51,866	
PSi	4,153	-	4,153	
China	57,869	_	57,869	
Europe	86,804	88	86,892	
Mexico	36,699	365	37,064	
Germany/UK	22,666	50,368	73,034	
USA/Japan/Singapore	_	16,666	16,666	
Revenue from contracts with				
customers	\$260,057	\$67,487	\$327,544	

The following table presents revenues from external customers based on customer's nationality:

	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	(In thou	isands)
Europe	\$228,469	\$206,017
America	36,590	46,508
Japan	19,122	19,494
Asia/Others	49,771	55,525
	\$333,952	\$327,544

Revenues are attributed to countries on the basis of the customer's location. The current top customer accounts for 10% and 9% of the Group's total revenue for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The following table presents revenues per market segment:

	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	(In th	nousands)
Automotive	\$184,221	\$171,855
Industrial	102,115	97,046
Consumer	19,039	18,221
Aerospace	11,691	16,226
Telecom	9,406	11,022
Medical	6,467	8,721
Multiple markets / Others	1,013	4,453
	\$333,952	\$327,544

18. Lease Commitments

Set out below are the carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets presented under noncurrent assets, and the movements during the period:

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
	(In thous	sands)
At beginning of period	\$28,458	\$32,661
Additions	-	8,682
Amortization expense	(2,500)	(10,876)
Loss on lease modifications	_	(358)
Cumulative translation adjustment	(251)	(1,651)
As end of period	\$25,707	\$28,458

Set out below are the carrying amounts of the Group's lease liabilities and the movements during the period:

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)
	(In thous	sands)
At beginning of period	\$31,221	\$35,413
Additions	-	8,151
Interest expense on lease liabilities	365	1,350
Rental payments	(3,505)	(11,901)
Waived rentals	_	(350)
Gain on lease modifications	-	(199)
Cumulative translation adjustment	(389)	(1,243)
At end of period	\$27,692	\$31,221
Current	\$6,669	\$8,418
Noncurrent	\$21,023	\$22,802

The following are the amounts recognized in consolidated statements of income:

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Mar 31, 2021 (Unaudited)
	(In thou	isands)
Amortization expense of right-of-use assets	\$2,500	\$2,701
Interest expense on lease liabilities	365	341
Expense related to short-term leases and low-value		
assets (included in cost of sales)	399	932
	\$3,264	\$3,974

The Group's lease agreements have terms of fixed payments and there are no variable payment provisions.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and align with Group's business needs. Management exercises significant judgment in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised.

19. Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence which include affiliates. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities.

The Group, in its regular conduct of business, has entered into transactions with subsidiaries, affiliate, and other related parties principally consisting of advances, loans and reimbursement of expenses. Sales and purchases of goods and services as well as other income and expenses to and from related parties are made at normal commercial prices and terms.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

The Group has a Related Party Transactions (RPT) Committee that evaluates and governs related party transactions. Prior to finalization of any related party agreement, the management shall report for review and approval to the RPT Committee all new and proposed significant related party transaction above the threshold set by the RPT Committee.

Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash unless otherwise stated. For the three months period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group has not recorded any impairment on receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. Impairment assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related parties and the markets in which the related parties operate.

In the ordinary course of business, the Group transacts with its related parties. The transactions and balances of accounts with related parties follow:

a. Transactions with BPI, an affiliate

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Group maintains current and savings accounts with BPI amounting to \$2.42 million and \$1.42 million, respectively.

Total interest income earned from investments with BPI amounted to \$2.0K and \$3.0K for the three-month period ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

b. Outstanding balances of the Group's related party transactions with its affiliates follow:

	Receiva	ables/Deposits	Payat	Payables	
-	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
		(In thou	ısands)		
KTM Asia Motorcycle Manufacturing Inc.					
(KAMMI)	\$279	\$414	\$-	\$-	
Merlin Solar Technologies (Phils.) Inc. (MSTPI)	11	23	-	-	
AC Industrials Technology Inc.					
(AC Industrials)	-	12	-	_	
BPI Asset Management and Trust Corporation	-	_	10	_	
Innove Communication Inc. (ICI)	-	-	6	6	
BPI	-	_	15	21	
GTI	-	_	1	2	
Ayala Legal (AG Legal)	-	_	-	20	
	\$290	\$449	\$32	\$49	

i. Transaction with MSTPI and KAMMI pertains to trade related receivables.

ii. Transaction with AC Industrials pertains to management fee on corporate and support services.

- iii. Payable to BPI Asset Management and Trust Corporation pertains to lease rental.
- iv. Payables to ICI pertain to billings for software and WiFi connections. These are due and demandable.
- v. Payables to BPI pertains to employee related transactions.
- vi. Payable to GTI pertains to billings for cellphone charges and WiFi connections.
- vii. Payable to AGLegal relates to legal and regulatory assistance services.
- c. Revenue/income and expenses from the Group's affiliates follow:

	Revenue/Income		Expenses	
	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Mar 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Mar 31, 2021 (Unaudited)
		(In the	ousands)	
KAMMI	\$491	\$297	\$-	\$—
MSTPI	59	240	-	_
AC Industrials	-	16		
BPI	2	1	_	-
AREIT, Inc. (AREIT)	-	_	381	385
Laguna AAAWater Corp. (LAWC)	-	_	270	238
Innove Communication, Inc. (ICI)	-	_	89	33
GTI	-	_	35	34
AC	-	_	10	11
Ayala Group Legal (AG Legal)	-	-	1	10
	\$552	\$554	\$786	\$711

Revenue/income from its affiliates pertains to the following transactions:

- i. Revenues from KAMMI and MSTPI pertain to subcontracting services related to registered activities.
- ii. Revenues from AC Industrials represents recoveries for the provision of corporate and support services.
- iii. Interest income earned from investments and gain on foreign currency forwards with BPI.

Expenses incurred from related party transactions include:

- i. Rental expense from the lease contract between the Parent Company and AREIT (Formerly TLI).
- ii. Water allocation charged by LAWC
- iii. Billings for cellphone charges and WiFi connections with GTI.
- iv. Administrative services charged by AC related to certain transactions.
- v. Consultations on legal matters and assistance on regulatory and legal requirements from AG Legal.

- d. Revenue and expenses eliminated at the Group level follow:
 - i. Intercompany revenues mainly pertain to billings of IMI USA and IMI Japan to IMI Singapore and the Parent Company for recovery costs related to the management salaries of key management personnel under IMI ROHQ.
 - Expenses incurred from related party transactions include interest expense of PSi, IMI MX, STI and IMI CZ from loans granted by the Parent Company, IMI Singapore and STSN.

Guarantees and Commitments

IMI BG has agreed to provide continuing operational, investment and financial assistance to the facilities of C-Con GmbH ("C-Con"), a related party and an entity under common control of AC Industrials, for C-Con will duly and timely perform all required obligations under contracts to be entered into with a particular customer. In case of C-Con's failure to perform due to C-Con's insolvency ("Breach"), IMI BG will indemnify and hold harmless the customer from any and all costs, liabilities, damages, losses, and reasonable amount of actually-incurred out of pocket expenses (including court costs and legal expenses) of the customer occasioned by or arising from such Breach. As consideration for extending said guarantee, IMI BG will be charging C-Con a guarantee fee equivalent to two (2%) of the revenue for the projects won using or relying upon IMI BG's guarantee. Additionally, IMI BG's guarantee to C-Con is backstopped by AC Industrials (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., another related party of IMI BG.

20. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Fair Values of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities where the Carrying Amounts Approximate Fair Values

Financial assets and financial liabilities that are liquid or are short-term in nature which consist of cash, receivables, accounts payables and accrued expenses, with maturity of less than one year, are assumed to have carrying amounts approximating their fair values.

Below are the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are either carried at fair value or where the carrying amounts do not approximate fair values as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

Carrying Amounts		Fair Values		
Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021	
(In thousands)				
\$1,538	\$1,365	\$1,538	\$1,365	
		·		
¢1/8 011	¢1/0 670	¢1/7 002	\$149,794	
	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2022 Dec 31, 2021 (In thous \$1,538 \$1,365	Mar 31, 2022 Dec 31, 2021 Mar 31, 2022 (In thousands) \$1,538 \$1,365 \$1,538	

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Financial assets at FVOCI pertain to investments in club shares. Fair value is based on quoted prices.

Noncurrent portion of long-term debt - The fair value of long-term debt is estimated by using the discounted cash flow method using the current incremental borrowing rates for similar borrowings, with maturities consistent with those remaining for the liability being valued. The discount rates used for 2022 and 2021 ranged from 1.67% to 2.33%.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The following tables provide the fair value hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities:

	March 31, 2022						
	Fair Value Measurement Using						
	Quoted Prices	Significant	Significant				
	in Active	Observable	Unobservable				
	Markets	Inputs	Inputs				
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total			
Assets measured at fair value:							
Financial assets at FVOCI	\$-	\$1,538	\$-	\$1,538			
Liabilities for which fair values are							
disclosed:							
Long-term debt	\$-	\$-	\$148,011	\$148,011			
X			·	· · · · · ·			
		December	31, 2021				
	I	Fair Value Meas	urement Using				
-	Quoted Prices	Significant	Significant				
	in Active	Observable	Unobservable				
	Markets	Inputs	Inputs				
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total			
Assets measured at fair value:							
Financial assets at FVOCI	\$-	\$1,365	\$-	\$1,365			
Liabilities for which fair values are							
disclosed:							

The Group's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

21. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments, composed of trust receipts and loans payable, longterm debt and other financial liabilities, were issued primarily to raise financing for the Group's operations. The Group has various financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, receivables and accounts payable and accrued expenses which arise directly from its operations.

The main purpose of the Group's financial instruments is to fund its operational and capital expenditures. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and foreign currency risk. The Group also enters into currency forwards to manage the currency risk arising from its operations and financial instruments.

The Group's risk management policies are summarized below:

Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to its long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Group's policy is to manage its interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate debt.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's income before income tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings) for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting income.

	Effect on Net Inco	Effect on Net Income before Tax		
	Mar 31, 2022 Mar 31, 2021			
Increase/Decrease in Basis Points	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
+100	(\$1,450)	(\$189)		
-100	1,450	189		

The following table shows the information about the Group's debt as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 that are exposed to interest rate risk presented by maturity profile:

	Mar 32, 2022	Mar 31, 2021
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Within one year	\$43,355	\$45,783
One to five years	150,014	29,896
	\$193,369	\$75,679

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk relates primarily to its short-term and long-term obligations. The Group seeks to manage its liquidity profile to be able to finance its capital expenditures and operations. The Group maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed sufficient to finance its operations. As part of its liquidity risk management, the Group regularly evaluates its projected and actual cash flows. To cover financing requirements, the Group intends to use internally-generated funds and loan facilities with local and foreign banks. Surplus funds are placed with reputable banks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Group's counterparties to its financial assets will fail to discharge their contractual obligations. The Group's major credit risk exposure relates primarily to its holdings of cash and cash equivalents, and receivables from customers and other third parties. Credit risk management involves dealing with institutions for which credit limits have been established. The treasury policy sets credit limits for each counterparty. The Group trades only with recognized, creditworthy third parties. The Group has a well-defined credit policy and established credit procedures. The Group extends credit to its customers consistent with sound credit practices and industry standards. The Group deals only with reputable, competent and reliable customers who pass the Group's credit standards. The credit evaluation reflects the customer's overall credit strength based on key financial and credit characteristics such as financial stability, operations, focus market and trade references. All customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 is the carrying amounts of the financial assets. The Group's maximum exposure for cash and cash equivalents excludes the carrying amount of cash on hand.

The Group has 17% and 15% of trade receivables relating to three major customers as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the aging analysis of trade receivables follows:

		Neither past due		Past du	e but not impa	ired		
	Total	nor impaired	<30 days 30	0-60 days	60-90 days	90-120 days	>120 days	Specifically impaired
March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	\$274,815	\$229,770	\$21,047	\$8,548	\$3,756	\$1,631	\$6,559	\$3,504
December 31, 2021 (Audited)	\$273,946	\$226,548	\$20,981	\$9,811	\$3,968	\$3,094	\$6,084	\$3,460

Foreign Currency Risk

The Group's foreign exchange risk results primarily from movements of the functional currency of each legal entity against other currencies. As a result of significant transactions denominated in RMB, PHP and EUR the consolidated statements of income can be affected significantly by movements in the USD versus these currencies. In 2022 and 2021, the Group entered into currency forward contracts to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations.

The Group manages its foreign exchange exposure risk by matching, as far as possible, receipts and payments in each individual currency. Foreign currency is converted into the relevant domestic currency as and when the management deems necessary. The unhedged exposure is reviewed and monitored closely on an ongoing basis and management will consider hedging any material exposure where appropriate.

Information on the Group's foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities and their USD equivalent follows: (In Thousands)

Philippine Peso (₽)

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)		Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)	
	In USD	In PHP	In USD	In PHP
Cash and cash equivalents	\$7,249	₽375,049	\$2,181	₽111,226
Receivables	2,088	108,034	1,090	55,568
Miscellaneous deposits	743	38,436	743	37,885
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(12,954)	(670,215)	(14,358)	(732,233)
Net retirement liabilities	(7,135)	(369,175)	(7,849)	(400,286)
Net foreign currency-denominated				
liabilities	(\$10,009)	(₽517,871)	(\$18,193)	(₽927,840)

Euro (€)

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)		Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)	
	In USD	In EUR	In USD	In EUR
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,478	€4,021	\$3,112	€2,753
Receivables	14,156	12,711	11,283	9,980
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(20,396)	(18,313)	(16,689)	(14,762)
Net foreign currency-denominated assets	(\$1,762)	(€1,581)	(\$2,294)	(€2,029)

Renminbi (RMB)

	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited) In USD In RMB		Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)	
			In USD	In RMB
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,726	RMB 10,958	\$1,431	RMB 9,123
Receivables	19,524	123,942	26,591	169,529
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses	(16,080)	(102,082)	(22,222)	(141,677)
Net foreign currency-denominated assets	\$5,170	RMB 32,818	\$5,800	RMB 36,975

Information on the Group's USD-denominated monetary assets and liabilities of the Parent Company's subsidiaries with functional currencies other than USD and which is also affected by movements of USD compared with their respective functional currencies as at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 follows:

	March 31, 2022 (Unaudited)			
	In USD	In EUR*	In RMB*	In GBP*
Cash and cash equivalents	\$43,571	€37,100	RMB 2,154	£1,457
Receivables	38,800	23,881	35,015	5,094
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses	(53,588)	(14,458)	(176,662)	(7,356)
Net foreign currency-denominated assets	\$28,783	€46.523	(RMB139.493)	(£805)

*The USD-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated using EUR0.8979 for \$1, RMB6.4854 for \$1 and GBP0.7618 for \$1.

	December 31, 2021 (Audited)			
	In USD	In EUR*	In RMB*	In GBP*
Cash and cash equivalents	\$55,571	€47,860	RMB 2,183	£832
Receivables	32,140	16,215	40,804	5,485
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses	(52,861)	(16,776)	(169,237)	(5,442)
Net foreign currency-denominated assets	\$34,850	€47,299	(RMB 126,250)	£875

*The USD-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated using EUR0.8846 for \$1, RMB6.3482 for \$1 and GBP0.7404 for \$1.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the USD exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's income before income tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities) as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021. The reasonably possible change was computed based on one year average historical movement of exchange rates between the USD and other currencies.

There is no other impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting income. The increase in USD rate as against other currencies demonstrates weaker functional currency while the decrease represents stronger USD value.

		Effect on Net Income before			
Currency	Increase/Decrease in USD Rate	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	Mar 31, 2021 (Unaudited)		
PHP	+1%	\$38	\$27		
	-1%	(38)	(27)		
EUR	+1%	(3)	(2)		
	-1%	3	2		
RMB	+1%	(24)	(39)		
	1%	24	39		

22. Contingencies

The Group has various contingent liabilities arising in the ordinary conduct of business which are either pending decision by the courts or being contested. The outcome of these cases is not presently determinable.

The Group's expanding global activities, while continuing to present a myriad of growth opportunities, also tend to increase its exposure to potential disputes with customers and suppliers. Such exposure could, in turn, directly or indirectly, affect the Group's ability to realize its short and long-term target revenues and operating margins from its services as well as adversely impact its net assets, financial position and results of operations.

In the opinion of management and its legal counsel, the eventual liability under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material or adverse effect on the Group's financial position and results of operations. The information usually required by PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, is not disclosed on the ground that it can be expected to prejudice the outcome of these lawsuits, claims and assessments.

23. Notes to Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Cash Flows			Non-cash changes						
	Dec 31, 2021 (Audited)	Availment	Settlement/ Repayment	Reclass	Addition	Declaration	Accretion of interest expense	Waved Rentals	Foreign currency translation	Mar 31, 2022 (Unaudited)
Loans and trust receipts										
payable	\$165,772	\$13,854	(\$412)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	(771)	\$178,443
Current portion of long-										
term debt	1,805	-	(904)	1,899	-	-	-	-	(81)	2,719
Long-term debt	149.679	230	Ì 15	(1,899)	_	-	-	-	(14)	148.011
Lease liabilities	31.221	_	(3,505)		_	-	365	-	(389)	27,692
Other noncurrent liabilities	5,047	33	(-,,	-	-	-	_	-	(5,080
	\$353,524	\$14,117	(\$4,806)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$365	\$-	(\$1,255)	\$361.945

The following table shows the reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

Most of the loans are from existing revolving credit lines.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations

	For the three months ended 31 March		
	2022	2021	
	(in US\$ thousands, except Basic EPS)		
Revenues from Sales and Services	\$333,952	\$327,544	
Cost of Goods Sold and Services	312,303	298,638	
Gross Profit	21,649	28,906	
Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company	(1,969)	2,193	
EBITDA ⁱ	13,066	19,312	
Basic Earnings per Share (EPS)	(\$0.001)	\$0.001	

Revenues from Sales and Services

The Company revenues grew to US\$334 million in the first quarter of 2022, a 2% year-on-year growth despite continued increase in business backlog.

Wholly owned businesses ended the first quarter with US\$258 million of revenues, 1% better than the same period last year. Meanwhile, subsidiaries VIA Optronics and STI started the year with US\$76 million of revenues, a 4% improvement versus last year.

Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

The recent lockdowns in China and intense geopolitical tension in Europe have created a new set of uncertainties in the global market. Along with the extended recovery of the electronics supply chain, IMI is still being challenged by multiple macroeconomic headwinds.

Supply chain delays have hindered profitability but cost saving measures and continued work with customers and suppliers have mitigated the increased costs. IMI gross margins as of March 31, 2022 is at 6.5% versus last year's 8.8%.

ⁱ EBITDA = EBITDA represents income before income tax after adding back depreciation and amortization, interest expense and other non-recurring items. EBITDA and EBITDA Margin are not measures of performance under PFRS and investors should not consider EBITDA, EBITDA Margin or EBIT in isolation or as alternatives to net income as an indicator of our operating performance or to cash flows, or any other measure of performance under PFRS. Because there are various EBITDA calculation methods, our presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

Net Income Attributable to Parent

The company reported for the first three months of 2022 a net loss of (US\$2.0) million versus last year's income of US\$2.2 million driven by the lingering impact of component shortage. Net loss for Q1 2022 narrowed to US\$ 2.0 million compared to the previous quarter.

IMI wholly-owned subsidiaries have significantly improved quarter-on-quarter profitability with a net income of US\$3.3 million in Q1 compared to a US\$ 0.7 million loss the previous quarter. However, VIA and STI having more specialized products in automotive, aerospace and defense, extended supply lead times and limited opportunities to use alternative components have significantly affected margins. Covid related shutdowns and transportation disruptions in Suzhou, China have also affected operations in VIA. In total, non-wholly owned subsidiaries ended the first quarter with a net loss of US\$ 5.3 million.

EBITDA

EBITDA lower by US\$6.3 million or 32% due to operating losses.

Financial Condition

We remain resolutely committed to our disciplined approach to capital allocation and to maintaining a robust balance sheet. As of Q1 2022, current ratio stood at 1.56:1 and debt-to-equity ratio was 0.73:1.

Despite the current market situation, we continued investing on capital expenditure for further space utilization and line upgrades to ensure readiness for capacity expansion when the supply issues begin to resolve. Capital expenditures amounted to \$3.3 million in the first three months of 2022 versus \$9.0 million in the same period last year. For the full year of 2022, the Company expects to spend \$30 to 40 million on capital expenditures for existing operations and new expansion projects for next year.

Key Performance Indicators of the Company

The table below sets forth the comparative performance indicators of the Company:

	As of end			
	Mar 31, 2022 Dec 31,			
Performance indicators				
Liquidity:				
Current ratio ^a	1.56x	1.59x		
Solvency:				
Debt-to-equity ratio ^b	0.73x	0.69x		

	For the three months ended 31 Mar		
	2022	2021	
Operating efficiency:			
Revenue growth ^c	2%	28%	
Profitability:			
Gross profit margin ^d	6.5%	8.8%	
Net income margin ^e	-0.6%	0.7%	
Return on equity ^f	-0.5%	0.5%	
Return on assets ^h	-0.2%	0.2%	

ⁱⁱEBITDA margin

3.9%

5.9%

^a Current assets/current liabilities

^b Bank debts/Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company

^c (Current year less previous year revenue)/Previous year revenue

^eNet income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company/Revenues

^fNet income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company/Average equity attributable to Parent

⁸ Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company/Average common equity attributable to Parent

^h Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company/Total Assets

In the above:

- (i) The risk of effects of further and extended period of pandemic and impact of component shortage and geopolitical issues after the reporting period may cause uncertainties that may impact the Company's liquidity. The Company is continuously monitoring its liquidity and solvency position.
- (ii) There were no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- (iii) Likewise, there were no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- (iv) The effects of further and extended period of pandemic and impact of component shortage and geopolitical issues after the reporting period may pose risks and unfavorable impact to the Company but will not materially affect the Company's ability to continue as going concern.
- (v) There were no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from continuing operations.
- (vi) There are no seasonal aspects that may have a material effect on the financial condition of the Company.

Causes for any material changes

(Increase or decrease of 5% or more in the financial statements)

Income Statement Items

(Three months ended 31 March 2022 versus 31 March 2021)

5% increase in Cost of Goods Sold and Services (\$298.6M to \$312.3M)

Relevant to the increase in revenues and increase in cost direct materials due to material component shortage

<u>5% decrease in Operating Expenses (\$25.4M to \$24.1M)</u> Mainly due to reduction in outsourced activities and technology related expenses.

<u>41% increase in Interest and bank charges (\$2.3M to \$3.3M)</u> Due to higher balance of loans during the year compared to last year.

^dGross profit/Revenues

ⁱⁱ EBITDA Margin = EBITDA divided by revenues from sales and services where EBITDA represents net operating income after adding depreciation and amortization (including amortization of right-of-use assets in accordance with PFRS 16, Leases), interest income and foreign exchange gains/losses. EBITDA and EBITDA Margin are not measures of performance under PFRS and investors should not consider EBITDA, EBITDA Margin or EBIT in isolation or as alternatives to net income as an indicator of our operating performance or to cash flows, or any other measure of performance under PFRS. Because there are various EBITDA calculation methods, our presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

<u>554% increase in Miscellaneous income (expense) (-\$0.3M to \$1.4M)</u> Insurance claims and government grants receiving during the quarter.

<u>20% increase in Provision for Tax (\$1.2M to \$1.4M)</u> Increase was due to taxable income from Europe and China sites.

Balance Sheet items

(31 March 2022 versus 31 December 2021)

<u>13% increase in Inventories (\$238.6M to \$270.7M)</u> Inventory build up due to accumulation of customer backlog and component issues.

<u>10% decrease in Other current assets (\$22.4M to \$20.2M)</u> Decrease in advances to suppliers and prepayments.

<u>5% decrease in Property, plant and equipment (\$162.0M to \$153.8M)</u> Decrease mainly due to depreciation.

<u>12% decrease in Intangible assets (\$10.9M to \$9.6M)</u> Decrease mainly due to amortization.

<u>10% decrease in Right-of-use assets (\$28.5 to \$25.7M)</u> Decrease mainly due to amortization.

<u>8% decrease in Deferred tax assets (\$2.9 to \$2.7M)</u> Reversal of deferred tax asset recognized.

<u>10% decrease in Contract liabilities (\$4.7M to \$4.3M)</u> Decrease in advance payments received to render manufacturing services.

<u>8% increase in Trust receipts and loans payable (\$165.8M to \$178.4M)</u> Re-availment of short-term loans for working capital purposes.

<u>21% decrease in Current portion of Lease liabilities (\$8.4M to \$6.7M)</u> Payments of lease liabilities.

<u>51% increase in Current portion of Long-term debt (\$1.8M to \$2.7M)</u> Reclass from long-term.

<u>8% decrease in Noncurrent portion of Lease liabilities (\$22.8M to \$21.0M)</u> Payments of lease liabilities.

<u>42% decrease in cumulative translation adjustments (-\$19.9M to -\$28.2M)</u> Arising from translation of management accounts in Europe denominated in their respective local currencies to the Parent Company's functional currency. The significant movement is due to depreciation of EUR against USD from 1.13 to 1.11.

EXHIBIT 1 FINANCIAL RATIOS For the Period Ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 and December 31, 2021

Ratios	Formula	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2021	Dec 31, 2021
	Current assets / Current			
(i) Current ratio	Liabilities	1.56	1.50	1.59
	Current assets less			
	inventories, contract assets			
	and other current			
(ii) Quick / Acid ratio	assets/Current liabilities	0.88	1.03	0.93
	Total Assets / Total			
(iii) Solvency ratio	Liabilities	1.66	1.98	1.70
(iv) Debt ratio	Total Debt / Total Assets	0.29	0.21	0.28
	Bank debts (loans and trust			
	receipts payable and long-			
(v) Debt-to-Equity ratio	term debt) / Total Equity	0.73	0.42	0.69
(vi) Assets-to-Equity ratio	Total Assets / Total Equity	2.51	2.02	2.43
	Earnings before interest and			
(vii) Interest rate coverage ratio	taxes / Interest Expense	0.06	1.91	
(viii) Profitability ratios				
GP margin	Gross Profit / Revenues	6.5%	8.8%	
	Net Income after Tax /			
Net profit margin	Revenues	-0.6%	0.7%	
EBITDA margin	EBITDA / Revenues	3.9%	5.9%	
	Net Income after Tax / Total			
Return on assets	Asset	-0.2%	0.2%	
	Net Income after Tax /			
	Average equity attributable			
Return on equity	to parent	-0.5%	0.5%	

	(in US\$'000)		
	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2021	Dec 31, 2021
Current Assets	775.618	756.818	752,325
Current Liabilities	496,055	503,580	472,564
Total Assets	1,131,396	1,145,826	1,123,175
Bank Debts	329,174	240,791	317,256
Total Liabilities	680,457	577,554	661,461
Total Equity	450,940	568,272	461,713
Average equity Attributable to parent	399,561	441,633	415,122
Revenues	333,952	327,544	
Gross Profit	21,649	28,906	
Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent	(1,969)	2,193	
Earnings before interest and taxes	194	4,446	
Interest expense	3,268	2,325	
EBITDA	13,066	19,312	

PART II--OTHER INFORMATION

- **1.** At the Regular Annual Stockholders' meeting held on April 22, 2022 the stockholders considered and approved the following:
 - Election of the following Board of Directors for the ensuing year:

Jaime Augusto Zobel de Ayala (Chairman of the Board) Fernando Zobel de Ayala Delfin L. Lazaro Arthur R. Tan (Vice Chairman of the Board) Jerome S. Tan Alberto M. de Larrazabal Rafael C. Romualdez Jose Ignacio A. Carlos Sherisa P. Nuesa (Independent Director) Edgar O. Chua (Independent Director) Hiroshi Nishimura (Independent Director)

- Appointment of Sycip, Gorres, Velayo & Co. as the external auditors of the Company for the ensuing year.
- **2.** In the Organizational meeting held immediately after the Regular Annual Stockholders' meeting, the Board of Directors elected the following:
 - Chairpersons and the Member of the Board Committees:

Executive Committee

Arthur R. Tan - Chairman Rafael Ma. C. Romualdez – Member Alberto M. de Larrazabal – Member

Audit and Risk Committee

Edgar O. Chua – Chairman (Independent Director) Rafael C. Romualdez - Member Hiroshi Nishimura – Member (Independent Director)

Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee

Sherisa P. Nuesa – Chairman (Independent Director) Hiroshi Nishimura – Member (Independent Director) Edgar O. Chua – Member (Independent Director)

Personnel and Compensation Committee

Sherisa P. Nuesa – Chairman (Independent Director) Alberto M. de Larrazabal – Member Jose Ignacio A. Carlos – Member

Finance Committee

Delfin L. Lazaro – Chairman Alberto M. de Larrazabal – Member Rafael C. Romualdez – Member

Proxy Validation Committee

Solomon M. Hermosura – Chairman Laurice S. Dela Cruz – Member Neilson C. Esguerra – Member

Related Party Transaction Committee

Hiroshi Nishimura – Chairman (Independent Director) Rafael C. Romualdez – Member Edgar O. Chua – Member (Independent Director) Alberto M. de Larrazabal – Member

• Mr. Edgar O. Chua as our lead independent director;

Mr. Jamie Augusto Zobel de Ayala as Chairman of the Board and Mr. Arthur R. Tan as the Vice-Chairman of the Board;

• The officers under our By-Laws and Manual of Corporate Governance:

Arthur R. Tan Jerome S. Tan	Chief Executive OfficerPresident
Laurice S. Dela Cruz	Chief Finance Officer (OIC), Compliance Officer, Acting Chief Risk Officer and Chief Sustainability Officer
Eric De Candido	 Chief Operations Officer
Mary Ann S. Natividad	- Chief Commercial Officer
Anthony Raymond P. Rodriguez	 Treasurer and Investor Relations Officer
Rosalyn O. Tesoro	- Chief Information Officer and Data Protection Officer
Solomon M. Hermosura	- Corporate Secretary
Rosario Carmela G. Austria	- Assistant Corporate Secretary

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant INTEGRATED MICRO-ELECTRONICS, INC.

By:

LAURICE S. DELA CRUZ Chief Finance Officer (OIC) and Compliance Officer

Date: May 10, 2022

MOND P. RODRIGUEZ AN Treasurer, Head of Treasury and Credit and Investor Relations Officer

Date: May 10, 2022



Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc. North Science Avenue, Special Export Processing Zone Laguna Technopark Binan Laguna 4024 Philippines

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CERTIFICATION

We, LAURICE S. DELA CRUZ and ANTHONY RAYMOND P. RODRIGUEZ, Chief Finance Officer (OIC) & Compliance Officer and Treasurer, Head of Treasury and Credit & Investor Relations Officer, respectively, of Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc. (the "Corporation"), with SEC Registration Number 94419 and with principal office at North Science Avenue, Laguna Technopark-Special Processing Zone, Binan, Laguna, state under oath that:

- 1) On behalf of the Corporation, we have caused the SEC Form 17-Q (Quarterly Report) to be prepared;
- 2) We have read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on true records; and
- 3) The Corporation will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated June 24, 2020 for the complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands this MAY 19 2022 in Makati City.

LAURICE'S. DELA CRUZ Chief Finance Officer (OIC) & Compliance Officer

OND P. RODRIGUEZ

Treasurer, Head of Treasury and Credit & Investor Relations Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this MAY 19 2022 in Makati City, affiants exhibited to me, as competent evidence of their identities, to wit:

Name

LAURICE S. DELA CRUZ ANTHONY RAYMOND P. RODRIGUEZ Competent Evidence of Identity Passport Number P7177471B Passport Number P3386828A Date /Place of issue

July 12, 2021/DFA Manila June 13, 2017/DFA Manila

Doc. No. 475; Page No. 96; Book No. XLIII; Series of 2022.

Notarial DST pursuant to Sec.188 of the Tax Code affixed on Notary Public's copy



ROBERTO T. ONGSIAKO Notary Public – Makati City Appt. No. M-149 until December 31, 2022 Roll of Attorneys No. 37041 Lifetime IBP No. 02163 – RSM Chapter PTR No. 8852355MJ – 01/03/2022 - Makati City MCLE Compliance No. VII – 0000267 – 07/30/2019 4th Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue Makati City, Philippines