

IMI Analyst Briefing 2022 Q4

March 23, 2023

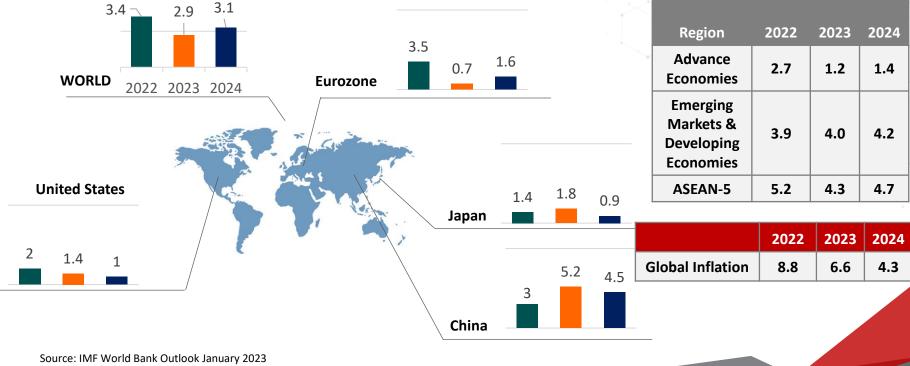
Online

Global Economic Outlook

GLOBAL ECONOMY AND OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Inflation Easing Amid Low Growth

The global fight against inflation, Russia's war in Ukraine, and a resurgence of COVID-19 in China weighed on global economic activity in 2022, and the first two factors will continue to do so in 2023





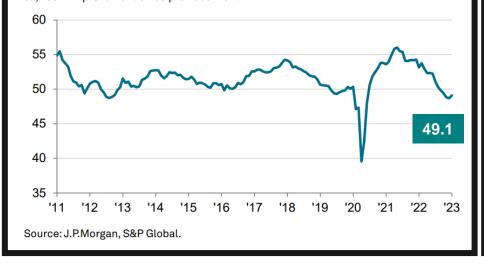
GLOBAL ECONOMY AND OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Global Manufacturing PMI and Electronics PMI

Contraction in global manufacturing and electronics sector continue with falling demand with still elevated prices

Global Manufacturing PMI In January, manufacturing is still in contraction mode despite a bit of easing. Only 9 out of 31 countries showed expansion mostly in Asia

J.P.Morgan Global Manufacturing PMI[™] sa, >50 = improvement since previous month



Electronics PMI Electronics sector conditions worsen with falling demand, the third contraction in 3 months. New business fell for 8 straight months with still elevated inputs prices and inflation.

S&P Global Electronics PMI

sa, >50 = improvement since previous month



Electronics Industry: What To Expect in 2023

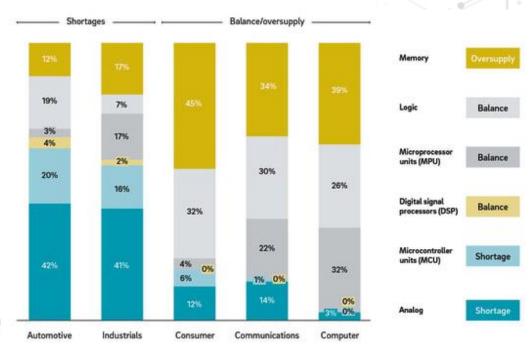
- 1. Inflation will continue to affect electronics production
 - Drive continuous improvements and LEAN activities for manufacturing efficiency
 - · Price renegotiation initiatives to realign elevated costs with customers
- 2. Industry-wide increase in inventory levels
 - Continue level loading and inventory buyback programs
- 3. Decoupling of US and China
 - Continue to search for regional sources for supply chain, but at the moment most components are still cheaper in Asia
- 4. Reshoring electronics production
 - Focus on growth of Mexico facilities to cater to NAFTA region
- 5. Demand for sustainable electronics
 - Continue to support technologies that enable shift to sustainable solutions
 - EV focused projects are ~50% of new mobility program wins in 2021 and 2022

Semiconductor shortage: A different kind of trouble ahead

Not over yet: Shortage, oversupply and excess inventory at the same time

Automotive and industrials are particularly affected by semiconductor shortage due to high use of analog and MCU chips in critical applications

Total IC sales by type and end industry [in % of total spend, 2020]¹



Source IC Insights (the McClean Report), Roland Berger

Analysis not including passive components (discrete, optoelectronics, sensors)



GLOBAL SUPPLY CHAIN UPDATE

Logistic and Freight Cost



The Index fell to a reading of 1006, **down nearly 80%** from the beginning of this year.

SCFI

CFI

- The **cost to ship a 40-foot container** from Shanghai to the West Coast of North America **dropped the most** — **90%** from a February high of \$8,117 to the current \$1,396. Rates from Shanghai to Europe plummeted nearly 81% from January 2022 to \$2,712 currently.
- The current in index is about 1.1x of the pre pandemic levels.



Automotive Forecasts in 2023

- In 2022, estimates for global vehicle sales are around 79.4 million units, or 1.9 percent less than in 2021.
- In 2023, according to various assumptions, sales are expected to be between 79 and 81 million units.
- Growth will emanate from China and India



Source: Motor1.com

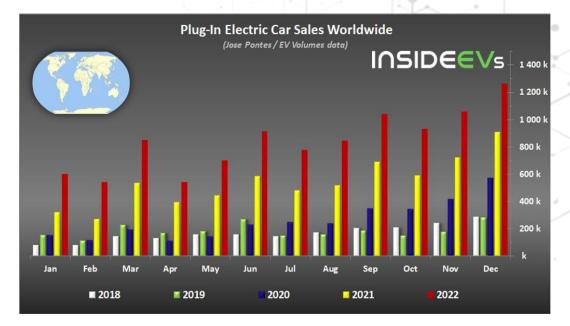




GLOBAL ECONOMY AND OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

EV Sales 2022 and Forecast in 2023

- In 2022, more than 10 million new passenger plug-in electric cars were registered globally for the very first time.
- That's a 55% increase year-over-year, compared to some 6.5 million plug-in electric cars sold in 2021
- The average market share amounted to 14 percent, including 10 percent for all-electric cars. (One in ten new passenger cars was all-electric)
- BYD (1.8 million) leads the sales for rechargeable car followed by Tesla (1.3 million)











2030 CO2 REDUCTION TARGETS 50% IN SCOPE 1 & 2 25% IN SCOPE 3

Scope 1: Own Machines and Facilities; Scope 2: Electricity; Scope 3: Supply Chain, Transport, Capital Goods

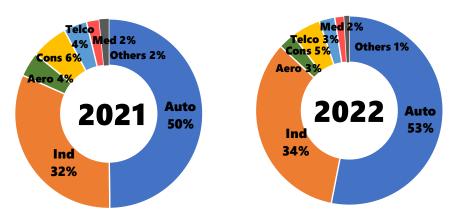




Financials

2022 Q4 Segment Updates

	'21 Q4	'22 Q4	Y/Y%	'21 FY	'22 FY	Y/Y%
Auto	164.2	201.7	23%	648.0	748.1	15%
Ind	108.9	123.4	13%	413.9	476.1	15%
Aero/Def	15.9	13.6	-15%	54.3	40.0	-26%
Cons	19.4	16.8	-13%	82.4	71.7	-13%
Telco	14.6	6.2	-58%	52.3	37.9	-28%
Medical	7.1	5.4	-24%	28.8	23.0	-20%
TOTAL	327.6	366.9	12%	1,300.6	1,409.0	8%



Automotive:

- Full year growth could have been larger if not for drop of EUR/USD in the middle of the year
- Ramp up of new programs and models for existing customers
- Continued strong pipeline activity with \$201M of ARP booked this year, significant driver continues to be EV

Industrial:

• Growth driven by successful ramp up of new projects from new and existing customers primarily in the Philippines and Serbia

Aerospace:

Recovery of component shortage continues to lag, but lengthy conflict in EU has potential to bring medium to long term opportunities in Defense sector

Consumer:

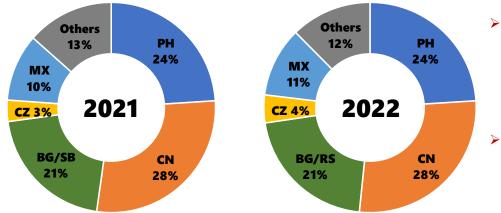
• Decrease in VIA's consumer laptop segment after substantial volume in the previous year due to work-from home arrangements

> <u>Telco</u>:

In the process of exiting low margin businesses; excluding these selected product lines, segment is fla full year 2022 vs 2021

2022 Q4 Region Updates

	'21 Q4	'22 Q 4	Y/Y%	'21 FY	'22 FY	Y/Y%	· • [
PH	70.3	82.1	17%	298.9	327.2	9%	
CN	83.1	77.7	-7%	289.6	307.7	6%	> <u>CN</u> :
BG/Serbia	63.3	81.0	28%	268.0	296.3	11%	•
CZ	10.6	18.2	72%	42.7	60.5	42%	•
MX	35.8	39.4	10%	134.9	151.0	12%	> EU:
VIA + STI	74.1	73.1	-1%	296.0	292.0	-1%	•
TOTAL	327.6	366.9	12%	1,300.6	1,409.0	8 %	



PH: \triangleright

- Manufacturing efficiency activities led to \$1.7M in cost reductions
- Growth driven by Industrial segment from existing customers and new projects being ramped up, particularly in cashless payment systems

CN: .

- Re-opening of China will lead to new business opportunities and stabilization of costs
- Growth of Jiaxing's automotive business offset by exit of nonprofitable telco programs
- Weak Euro vs USD affected revenues in Q2 and Q3 but has . recovered towards the end of the year
- Continued ramp up of new major automotive projects in Czech Republic

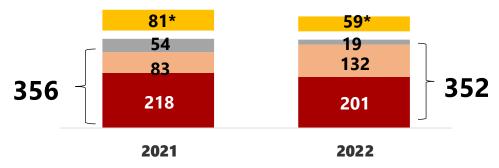
MX:

- Onshoring of NAFTA manufacturing activities led to growth of existing business and new project wins in the pipeline
- Margins for the year were affected by cost of expedited shipments due to component shortage, tight labor situation in the region, and weak Mexican Peso vs USD in the middle of the year

VIA +STI:

- A&D component recovery still lagging behind other segment
- VIA continues ramp up with leading USA EV manufacture

2022 Group Program Wins Full Year New Program Wins

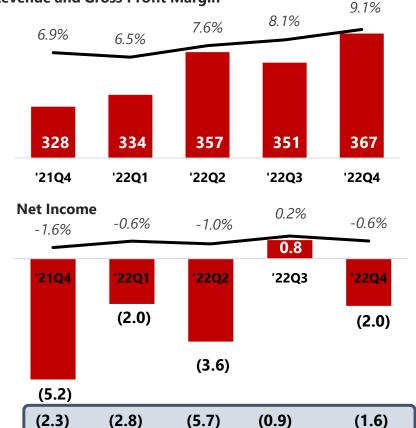


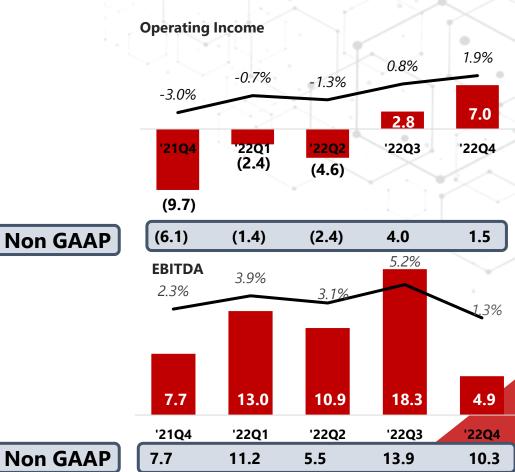
Mobility Industrial Others STI* *IMI wins Annual Revenue Potential; STI wins total project size

Notable Wins in 2022 EV Motorcycle Mobility Philippines **IoT** Systems Industrial Philippines EV Controls and Sensors Mobility Philippines EV High Voltage Coolant Heater Mobility RS and CZ Industrial LED Lighting Industrial Mexico 2nd Generation E-Bike Mobility Bulgaria EV Battery Management System Mobility Mexico

Win Location - 2022 14% 36% 15% 23% 11% China E. Europe Philippines MX UK Win Location - 2021 20% 23% 12% 15% 31%



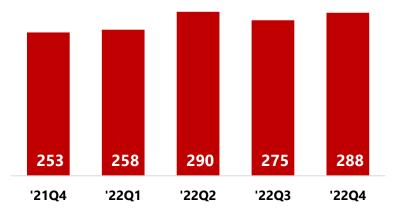




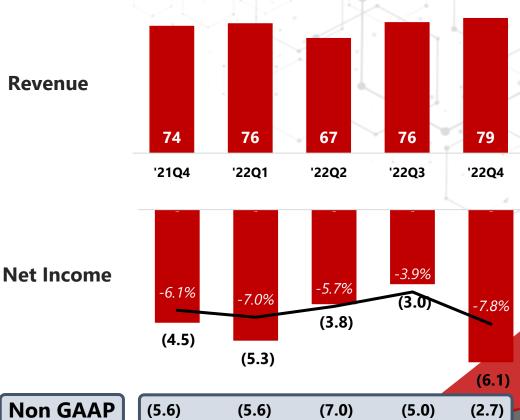


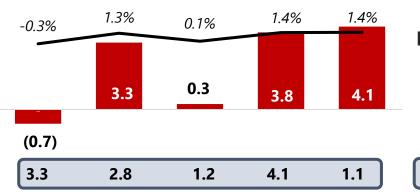


Wholly Owned Subsidiaries



Non Wholly Owned Subsidiaries

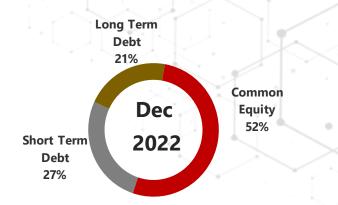




Capital Structure



(US\$ Millions)	Dec 2021	Dec 2022
Short-Term Debt	165.8	192.7
Long-Term Debt	151.5	150.4
Total Bank Debts	317.3	343.1
Cash and Investments	159.8	124.3
Net Debt / (Net Cash)	157.5	218.8
Common Equity Attributable to Parent	404.6	377.3



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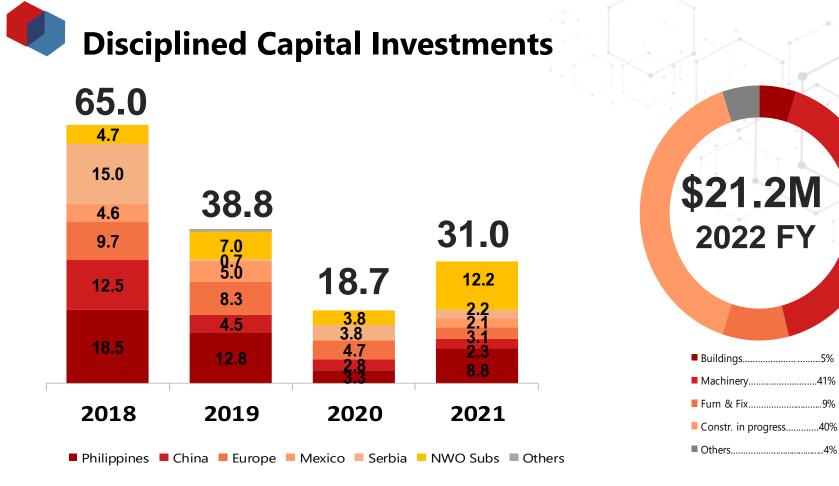
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IMI

Key Financial Ratios	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	
Current ratio	1.59	1.51	
Bank Debt/ Total Equity	0.69	0.83	
Book value/share (\$) [*]	\$0.18	\$0.17	
Book value/share (PHP) **	₱9.19	₱9.62	

*Excluding Minority Interest ** Forex Rates at respective year close CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY. Any use or dissemination of this material without the expressed written permission of Integrated Micro-

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- Improving trend in component leadtime for key segments Automotive and Industrial but Aerospace/Defense situation still challenged
- Demand for Electric Vehicle products still increasing, significant portion of 2021 and 2022 new project pipeline wins come from EV subsegment
- IMI will continue to focus on the continuous improvement process to offset higher costs with productivity; in addition continue to build automation to address high turnover in certain regions
- Focus on supply chain improvement to decrease material costs and increase inventory turnover
- Some uncertainty remains in market environment high labor and utility prices may continue in 2023, customer demand likely to be affected





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